# Nationwide Pension Fund Report & Accounts

31 March 2018



# ANNUAL REPORT

# 31 MARCH 2018

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TRUSTEE AND ADVISERS	
Trustee	Nationwide Pension Fund Trustee Limited
Trustee Directors	
Society Appointed	Peter Wilkin (Chairman)
	Andy Townsend
	Philip Whittome (for Steeple Professional Services Ltd) (ceased 30 June 2018)
	Muir Mathieson
	BESTrustees (represented by Catherine Redmond) (appointed 1 July 2018)
Member Nominated	Arthur Amos
	Rob Goldspink
	John Wrighthouse
	Sarah Garrett
Head of Pensions	lan Baines
Chief Investment Officer	Mark Hedges
Administrator and Secretary	Vanessa Roberts
Accountant	Philip llott
Actuary	Keith Poulson, Aon Hewitt Ltd
Auditors (External) (Internal)	Crowe U.K. LLP (formerly known as Crowe Clark Whitehill LLP) Deloitte LLP
Legal Advisers	Sacker & Partners LLP
Property Valuers	Knight Frank LLP
Investment Consultant	Aon Hewitt Ltd
Implementation Manager	Russell Implementation Services Ltd

# TRUSTEE AND ADVISERS - continued

# Investment Managers: Nationwide Section

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Matching Assets	Aviva Investors Jersey Unit Trusts Management Ltd
	Fidelity Pensions Management
	Insight Investment Management (Global) Ltd
	Legal & General Investment Management Ltd
Return Seeking Asset	S
Equities:	Harding Loevner LP
	Legal & General Investment Management Ltd
	Neuberger Berman Europe Ltd
	Oaktree Capital Management (UK) LLP
	Russell Implementation Services Ltd
	UBS Asset Management (UK) Ltd (ceased July 2017)
Credit:	Barings LLC
	Bluebay Asset Management LLP
	Falcon Bridge Capital II, LLC (ceased July 2018)
	GSO Capital Partners
	Kreos Capital V (Expert Fund) LP
	M&G Alternatives Investment Management Ltd
Infrastructure:	Alinda Capital Partners LLC
	Equis Funds Group
	IFM Investors Pty Ltd
	Innisfree Ltd
	Macquarie Investment Management (UK) Ltd
	Star Capital Partners Ltd
	SteelRiver Infrastructure Fund North America LP
	Tiger Infrastruture Partners (appointed June 2018)
Private Equity:	Arsenal Capital Management LP
	BV Investment Partners
	Dunedin Capital Partners
	The Energy and Minerals Group
	Investcorp Technology Partners (appointed June 2018)

# TRUSTEE AND ADVISERS - continued

Private Equity:	L Capital Asia Advisors Mount Kellett Capital Partners (Cayman) LP
	NB Alternatives Advisers LLC
	Parcom Capital Management BV
	Permira V G.P. Ltd
	Platinum Equity Advisors LLC
	Perella Weinberg Partners (appointed February 2018)
	Thompson Street Capital Manager LLC
	Trilantic Capital Management LLC
Real Estate:	Ares European Real Estate Management, LP
	CBRE Ltd
	DRC Capital LLP
	Genesta Property Nordic AB
	Goldman, Sachs & Co.
	Grasscourt (GP) Ltd
	Honeycourt (GP) Ltd
	Henderson Park (appointed October 2017)
	LaSalle Investment Management
	Legal & General Investment Management Ltd
	PAG Holdings Ltd
	Revcap Advisors Ltd
	Silverpeak Real Estate Partners
Investment Managers:	C&D Section
	Legal & General Investment Management Ltd
Custo liene	The Northern Trust Company
Custodians	The Northern Trust Company
Pension Scheme Tax F	Reference 00271477RZ
Enquiries	Employee Pensions Nationwide Building Society Nationwide House

Nationwide Building Socie Nationwide House Pipers Way Swindon SN38 2GN

Tel: 01793 655131

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#### CHAIRMAN'S STATEMENT FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2018

I am pleased to present the Report & Accounts for the Nationwide Pension Fund ('the Fund') for the financial year ended 31 March 2018.

#### Overview

The number of active members of the Fund is now 5,444. The number of pensioners has reached 7,937 and the biggest group of members is the 16,224 deferred members, who comprise approximately 55% of the membership.

The value of the Fund's assets is now £5,841 million, up 7% from £5,475 million at the previous year end. More commentary about the investments is included in the Trustee Report.

#### Funding

Whilst uncertainty over Brexit continues to overshadow the UK economy, the performance of global markets through the year has had a positive impact on fund performance. This performance, combined with the additional contributions noted below, has had a positive impact on the funding level, reducing the deficit and permitting further de-risking of the Fund's investment strategy. The outlook for the UK remains challenging and with asset prices across all markets at high levels, opportunities for future investment returns are likely to be restricted. The investment strategy is well diversified, so avoiding any specific asset or sector risks, but a general global downturn due to trade wars or rising inflation will adversely impact the assets and the funding level.

The 31 March 2016 valuation was finalised during the year and showed a surplus for the C&D section of £3.0m and a deficit of £605m for the Nationwide section. To address the deficit in the Nationwide section the Society provided further funding of £100m in April 2017, £49m in July 2017 and £37m in August 2017. It was also agreed that the Society would provide £61m each July, from July 2018 to July 2021, if a deficit persists. The cost of future accrual of benefits increased and normal contributions of 31.5% have been paid since September 2017. More details are given in the Report on Actuarial Liabilities on page 12.

The funding position of both sections is monitored regularly by the Trustee and its advisors and will naturally vary over time.

#### **Governance & Operations**

During the year, the General Data Protection Regulation (GDPR) has been a big focus, reviewing the Fund's policies, processes, documents and contractual arrangements with all its suppliers to ensure that we were all compliant ahead of the 25 May 2018 deadline. The Trustee takes the security of members' information very seriously. I am pleased to say that the Fund has a robust data protection policy in place and we have communicated our privacy statement to all our members.

The Trustee Directors continue to look at the way we communicate with members and last year we were pleased to launch our Member Portal, to complement the Fund's website. This allows more flexibility starting with enabling members to keep contact and Expression of Wish details up to date. More features will be landed in coming months, such as the ability to view your annual benefit information. If you haven't had an opportunity to log onto the Member Portal the Trustee Directors would encourage you to visit.

The Trustee continues to focus on risk management and both the Board and its Committees monitor the identified risks through a formal register, as well as considering the potential for emerging risks. The Board adopted its own Contingency Plan during the year, to sit alongside the Society's, for the Employee Pensions and Chief Investment Officer teams, as well as our advisors. This means that the Board is better prepared to react if an event, such as loss of email or other systems, occurs.

#### CHAIRMAN'S STATEMENT - continued

Whilst there is no defined contribution (DC) section in the Fund, DC Additional Voluntary Contributions ('AVCs') are offered and the Trustee considers that the current offering remains appropriate for members.

The Trustee published its Strategic Plan for 2015-2020 back in October 2015. As a living document, the Trustee Directors continue to reflect where they are on the journey to delivering their aims. The Strategic Plan sets out the Trustee Mission and Vision Statement as well as our aims and objectives over the five-year period. A copy can be found on the website.

#### **Trustee Board**

Trustee Directors continue to meet with our advisors on a regular basis, both at Committee and main Board meetings. There remains a focus on maintaining and developing knowledge and understanding, with individual and group training and a trustee strategy & development day. The Fund carries out an annual Trustee self-assessment process where we reflect on our collective and individual performance, as well as receive feedback from key advisors to ensure that we maintain a high-level of performance in our duties as Trustee Directors.

As ever, I would like to thank both Employee Pensions and the Investment team for their hard work and their great service to both the Trustee and the members.

Finally, I would like to acknowledge the efforts of all the Trustee Directors and particularly thank Philip Whittome, whose term of office ended on 30 June 2018. BESTrustees, represented by Catherine Redmond, joined the Board as Professional Trustees from 1 July 2018. I am also grateful for the support received from our professional advisors.

Peter Wilkin Chairman of the Trustee Board

#### TRUSTEE REPORT FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2018

The Trustee of the Fund presents its Annual Report for the year ended 31 March 2018, together with the actuarial certificates and financial statements. The Fund is a defined benefit scheme providing all benefits based on Career Average Revalued Earnings ('CARE') from 1 April 2011. Prior to this date benefits were based on final salary for members who joined prior to 1 January 2002, and on CARE for members who joined after that date. After 1 April 2011 the final salary link has been maintained, where appropriate, for service before that date.

From 1 June 2007, the Fund was closed to new employees, who are eligible to join the Nationwide Group Personal Pension ('GPP') arrangement. The GPP arrangement is a defined contribution scheme administered by Aviva, and is not part of the Fund.

Following the merger on 30 June 2010 with the Cheshire Building Society Pension and Life Assurance Scheme ('the Cheshire Scheme'), and the Derbyshire Building Society Staff Pension Scheme ('the Derbyshire Scheme'), the Fund became sectionalised with two separate sections – The Nationwide Section and the Cheshire and Derbyshire Section ('C&D Section'). Separate financial disclosures for these two sections are provided in this report.

The Fund was 'contracted out' of the additional components of the State pension until 6 April 2016, when legislation came into effect which ended contracting out.

#### Management of Nationwide Pension Fund

On 1 April 2007 Nationwide Pension Fund Trustee Limited, a corporate body, was appointed as Trustee, and all serving Trustees became Trustee Directors.

The Fund is governed by a definitive Trust Deed and Rules dated 1 April 2012, together with subsequent amendments.

The Board of Nationwide Building Society ('the Society') has the power to appoint four Trustee Directors (and change them from time to time). All four Member Nominated Directors ('MND') positions are filled from the membership as a whole and have a term of office of five years. Any Trustee Director may, in exceptional circumstances, be removed from office by the unanimous decision of the other Trustee Directors, provided that approval is first obtained from the membership in a postal ballot (for Member Nominated Directors).

The current Trustee Directors are shown on page 2. Five of them, none of them employees of the Society, received payment for their services in the Fund year, as described in Note 7 to the financial statements.

Trustee meetings are normally held four times a year, with an additional strategy & development day. Decisions are made generally by consensus, but the rules provide for majority voting when a consensus cannot be reached. This happens very rarely. In the year to 31 March 2018 there were four Board meetings and the formal strategy & development day. Attendance at the meetings falling in each of the Directors' period of office was as follows:

Peter Wilkin	5 of 5	Arthur Amos	4 of 5
Rob Goldspink	4 of 5	Sarah Garrett	3 of 4
Andy Townsend	5 of 5	John Wrighthouse	5 of 5
Philip Whittome	5 of 5	Bill Partis	1 of 1
Muir Mathieson	5 of 5		

During the year there were three additional Board meetings to discuss the Triennial Valuation, as well as a number of Committees that met throughout the year, as set out below:

- The Investment & Funding Committee meets at least quarterly with further meetings as required.
- The Operations Committee also meets on a quarterly basis with further meetings as required.
- The Governance Committee meets twice a year with further meetings as required.

#### **TRUSTEE REPORT** – continued

#### Review of the Financial Development of the Fund

The Fund Actuary performed the most recent actuarial valuation as at 31 March 2016. The valuation showed a deficit of  $\pm 605$ m for the Nationwide Section at that date. A deficit recovery plan for the Nationwide Section was agreed between the Trustee and the Society under which an initial lump sum payment of  $\pm 49$ m was paid by the Society in July 2016,  $\pm 100$ m was paid in April 2017,  $\pm 49$ m in July 2017 and a further  $\pm 37$ m in August 2017. As long as a deficit remains, the Society has agreed to make further lump sums of  $\pm 61$ m each year from July 2018 until July 2021. The valuation also indicated a surplus of  $\pm 3$ m for the C&D Section at that date.

It was also agreed to increase the employer's contribution rate, to cover the cost of future accrual of benefits, from 22.1% to 31.5% of pensionable salaries from 1 September 2017. The Trustee routinely monitors the Fund's funding position and the next valuation is due to be carried out as at 31 March 2019.

An actuarial statement of the adequacy of the rates of contributions for the purpose of meeting the statutory funding objective at the time of the 31 March 2016 valuation is on page 43. A report on actuarial liabilities is on page 12.

There was a net addition from dealing with members and the Sponsor of £112.1m for the year ended 31 March 2018 (2017: withdrawal of £18.8m). The net effect of returns on investments has been to increase the value of the Fund by £248.3m (2017: £1,028.5m).

The financial statements have been prepared and audited in compliance with regulations under sections 41(1) and (6) of the Pensions Act 1995. They cover the year to 31 March 2018.

#### **Sponsoring Employer**

The Fund is sponsored by the Nationwide Building Society, whose address is Nationwide House, Pipers Way, Swindon, SN38 1NW.

#### **Trust Deed and Rule Changes**

There have been no changes in the year.

#### **TRUSTEE REPORT** – continued

#### Membership

The change in the membership of the Fund during the year is given below:

	Note	Nationwide Section	C&D Section	Total
Active Members		Section		
Active members at the beginning of the year		5,816	18	
Active members reinstated during the year		3	-	
Members leaving prior to pensionable age		(279)	(1)	
Deaths in service		(4)	-	
Members retiring		(107)	(2)	
<u> </u>		5,429	15	5,444
Deferred Members				-,
Deferred members at the beginning of the year		15,735	745	
Deferred members added during the year		279	1	
Deferred members transferring out		(148)	(7)	
Deferred members retiring		(336)	(24)	
Deaths in deferment		(16)	-	
Reinstated Closed Record		1		
Pension commencements backdated	(b)	(4)	-	
Cessation of pension entitlements	-	(2)		
	_	15,509	715	16,224
<u>Pensioners</u>				
Pensioners at the beginning of the year		7,056	610	
Active members retiring		107	2	
Deferred members retiring		336	24	
Spouses and dependants		52	4	
Commutations of trivial pensions		(126)	(8)	
Deaths in retirement		(92)	(8)	
Merged records	(a)	(20)	(3)	
Pension commencements backdated	(b)	4	-	
Contingent widows liability	(c) _	(1)	-	
	-	7,316	621	7,937
TOTAL MEMBERSHIP AT 31 MARCH 2018	_	28,254	1,351	29,605

(a) Merged records relate to members who previously had two separate periods of membership.

(b) The pension commencements of these members were backdated to the date of their leaving following Permanent Incapacity Early Retirement (PIER) review by the Trustee.

(c) No pension is in payment, however there is expected to be a death payment.

The figures for pensioners do not include approximately 35 members whose pension is paid directly to them by an insurance company in respect of an annuity purchased at the time of their retirement.

#### TRUSTEE REPORT – continued

#### Investment Objectives and Strategy

The Trustee aims to invest the assets of the Fund prudently to ensure that the benefits promised to members are provided. The long-term objective of the Fund is to be fully funded on a Low Dependency basis. The Trustee believes this is best achieved by having both an investment strategy and a journey (or de-risking) plan.

The Trustee monitors the funding level of the Fund on both a Technical Provisions basis and a Low Dependency basis. There is a strong (but not perfect) link between the Technical Provisions, Low Dependency and Buy-out funding levels and the Trustee recognises that over time the relationship between these three measurements of liabilities will change. The plan is to steadily de-risk towards the Low Dependency basis. It is intended that the eventual target of the de-risking process will be a Destination Portfolio which largely matches the characteristics of the Fund's liabilities and allows for a margin to cover risk factors such as benefit caps and collars and longevity risk. As part of the de-risking process, the Trustee consults with the Society.

The parties expected to be involved in the monitoring and implementation process are as follows:

- the Investment and Funding Committee ('IFC') on behalf of the Trustee
- the Society's Pension Risk Management team
- the Chief Investment Officer team ('CIO team')
- the Investment Consultant to the Trustee
- the Actuarial Adviser to the Trustee
- the Transition Manager to the Trustee
- the Liability Matching Investment ('LMI') Manager.

The Fund's investment strategy and strategic asset allocation are reviewed periodically to ensure that they are appropriate for the circumstances and objectives of the Fund.

The Trustee monitors the actual asset allocation versus the target weight and the ranges on a regular basis.

For the Nationwide Section the permitted ranges allow the Trustee to deviate tactically from the strategic asset allocation within the specified limits to avoid the need for constant rebalancing. The current strategic asset allocation strategy as at 31 March 2018 chosen to meet the objectives of the Nationwide Section is set out in the table below.

#### **TRUSTEE REPORT** – continued

Asset Class	Target Weighting %	Range %
Matching Assets	50-60	45-65
Government and Supranational Bonds	40-50	30-50
Corporate Bonds	10	8-12
Alternative Matching Assets (AMA)	5-10	5-10
Long Lease Property	-	0-5
Ground Rent Property	-	0-5
Other AMAs	-	0-3
Return Seeking Assets	45	40-50
Equities	15	12-17.5
Physical	11	8.5-12.5
Synthetic	4	3-5
Credit	10	7.5-12.5
Alternative Credit	2.5	2-4
Illiquid portfolio – private markets	20	15-25
Capital Appreciation		10-15
Income Yielding		5-10
Cash	0	0-2
LDI Leverage		2.5x
Repo and other instruments		<£1bn

Hedging Liabilities Targets	Target (as % of assets)	Range (as % of assets)
Inflation Hedging	100	82-100
Interest Rate Hedging	100	74-100

The C&D Section's strategic asset allocation is:-

Asset Class	Target Weighting %		
Global equities	5-10		
Matching Portfolio	90-95		
Cash	0-2		

Each section has its own Statement of Investment Principles ('SIP') which details the respective investment strategy. These meet the requirements of section 35 of the Pensions Act 1995 and section 244 of the Pensions Act 2004. The latest Nationwide Section SIP and C&D Section SIP were approved by the Trustee Board on 26 April 2018 taking account of changes agreed over the year and the planned future investment strategies.

#### **Review of Investment Performance**

The Fund's combined investment assets as at 31 March 2018 were £5,834.3m.

#### **TRUSTEE REPORT** – continued

The total returns for the Fund were as follows:-

Assat Class	On	One Year		ee Year
Asset Class	Actual %	Benchmark %	Actual %	Benchmark %
	Nationwide Pens	sion Fund Performanc	е	

Nationwide Section Performance Analysis					
Core Matching Assets <sup>1</sup>	1.0	1.3	10.1	8.6	
Alternative Matching Assets	5.9	5.9	4.0	5.4	
Equities	9.8	8.3	8.1	8.6	
Credit	(0.8)	(0.3)	4.6	5.6	
Private Markets <sup>2</sup>	12.9	8.3	15.8	7.7	
Total Assets	5.4	3.9	9.5	8.3	

1 Core Matching Assets comprises bonds, including government bonds, corporate bonds and index linked securities.

2 Private Markets comprises real estate, private equity, infrastructure and private and property debt.

Outperformance compared to benchmark has primarily been due to the private markets portfolio, which has seen a steady flow of distributions from managers throughout the year including a significant disposal from the three Equis infrastructure funds.

	C&D Section Pe	rformance Analysis	5	
Core Matching Assets <sup>1</sup>	1.7		9.3	
Equities	2.6		10.9	
Total Return	1.8	1.8	8.9	8.6

1 Core Matching Assets comprises bonds, including government bonds and corporate bonds.

The C&D Section has matched the benchmark over the period of review. No detailed benchmarking is required due to the passive nature of the investments.

The benchmarks for both sections of the Fund are composite benchmarks which take into account their strategic asset allocations.

#### **Report on Actuarial Liabilities**

Under Section 222 of the Pensions Act 2004, every scheme is subject to the Statutory Funding Objective, which is to have sufficient and appropriate assets to cover its technical provisions. The technical provisions represent the present value of the benefits the members are entitled to, based on pensionable service to the valuation date. This is assessed using the assumptions agreed between the Trustee and the Employer and set out in the Statement of Funding Principles, which is available to Fund members on request.

The latest full valuations of the Fund were carried out as at 31 March 2016 and showed the funding position to be as follows:

	Nationwide Section	
Value of the Technical Provisions	£4,780m	£277m
Value of the assets at that date	£4,175m	£280m
Shortfall/Surplus	(£605m)	£3m
Funding level	87%	101%

#### **TRUSTEE REPORT** – continued

#### Update on the Funding Position

The information noted above relates to the last formal valuation of the liabilities which was undertaken as at 31 March 2016. The Trustee receives regular updates on the funding position of both sections.

The latest formal annual update for the Nationwide section showed the funding level to have increased to 95% at 31 March 2018, with the deficit reducing to £286m. The improvement in funding position since the 31 March 2016 valuation is primarily a result of the deficit contributions made by the Society together with higher than expected returns on the assets.

The C&D section funding over the past year remains in surplus.

#### Actuarial Method

The actuarial method used in the calculation of the technical provisions is the Projected Unit Method.

The significant actuarial assumptions adopted for the Nationwide section are set out below:

- Discount rates: Pre-retirement: fixed interest gilt yield curve plus 1.25% p.a. Post-retirement: fixed interest gilt yield curve plus 1% p.a.
- Rate of pay increases: Retail Price Index ('RPI') inflation plus 0.75% p.a.
- Rate of RPI price inflation: Bank of England breakeven RPI curve less 0.1% p.a.
- Rate of Consumer Price Index ('CPI') price inflation: RPI inflation less 0.9% p.a.
- Post-retirement mortality:

The SAPS S2 Series 'Light' table with scaling factors of:

- for pensioners 100% for men and 98% for women.

- for non-pensioners 108% p.a. for men and 102% for women.

An allowance for future improvements in line with the CMI 2015 Core Projections, assuming a long-term annual rate of improvement in mortality rates of 1.5% p.a. for men and women.

The C&D section adopted the same assumptions as above with the exception of the discount rates and CMI mortality projection model (where the CMI 2014 projection model was adopted). The C&D Section adopted lower discount rates to reflect its lower risk investment strategy. The discount rates for the C&D section were set as:

Pre-retirement: fixed interest gilt yield curve plus 1.0% p.a. Post-retirement: fixed interest gilt yield curve plus 0.5% p.a.

#### TRUSTEE REPORT – continued

#### **Compliance Information**

#### Calculation of Transfer Values

Transfer values paid during the Fund year have been calculated and verified in the manner prescribed by regulations made under Section 97 of the Pension Schemes Act 1993. No transfer values included any discretionary benefits.

#### Pension Increases on Pensions in Payment

Pensions are reviewed annually on 1 April and, except where indicated below, were increased by 3.9% on 1 April 2018 (1 April 2017: 2.0%) in line with the RPI for the year ended 30 September 2017.

For members who were in a scheme which has since merged with the Fund, that part of their pension which accrued up to a given date may, depending on their membership details, have increased at one of the following fixed rates per annum:

Lambeth scheme: 8.5% or 5%. Portman scheme: 5%. Nationwide Estate Agents, Anglia, London Goldhawk and At.Home schemes: 3%. Derbyshire scheme: 3% (increase is RPI min. 3% max 5%, and provided each 1<sup>st</sup> July)

#### Corporate Governance

The Fund's policy statement in respect of voting and corporate governance is:

'The Trustee fully recognises the fiduciary issues involved with voting rights, not least that their regular exercise demonstrates shareholder responsibility. The Trustee has advised the Fund's investment managers that votes should normally be cast in favour or against a motion; exceptionally a formal abstention may be registered and subsequently reported to the Trustee together with a justification. Meetings are held at which voting policy is discussed. In all other matters, not the subject of voting, we expect our investment managers to promote good standards of corporate governance.'

In March 2012, the Trustee signed up to the 'Stewardship Code' and the Investment & Funding Committee reviews this position annually. Confirmation has been published on the websites of the Fund and the Financial Reporting Council.

#### **TRUSTEE REPORT** – continued

#### Statement of Trustee Responsibilities

The financial statements are the responsibility of the Trustee. Pension scheme regulations require the Trustee to make available to Fund members, beneficiaries and certain other parties, audited financial statements for each Fund year which:

- show a true and fair view of the financial transactions of the Fund during the Fund year and of the amount and disposition at the end of the Fund year of its assets and liabilities, other than liabilities to pay pensions and benefits after the end of the scheme year, in accordance with applicable law and United Kingdom Accounting Standards (United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice):
- contain the information specified in the Occupational Pension Schemes (Requirement to obtain Audited Accounts and a Statement from the Auditor) Regulations 1996, including a statement whether the financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the Statement of Recommended Practice 'Financial Reports of Pension Schemes (2015)', and
- are prepared on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the Scheme will continue on this basis.

The Trustee has supervised the preparation of the financial statements and has agreed suitable accounting policies, to be applied consistently, making any estimates and judgements on a prudent and reasonable basis.

The Trustee is also responsible for making available certain other information about the Fund in the form of an Annual Report.

The Trustee is responsible, under pensions legislation, for ensuring that there is prepared, maintained, and from time to time revised, a Schedule of Contributions showing the rates of contributions payable towards the Fund by or on behalf of the employer and the active members of the Fund and the dates on or before which such contributions are to be paid. The Trustee is also responsible for keeping records in respect of contributions received in respect of any active member of the Fund and for adopting risk-based processes to monitor whether contributions are made to the Fund by the employer in accordance with the Schedule of Contributions. Where breaches of the Schedule occur, the Trustee is required by law to consider making reports to the Pensions Regulator and the members.

The Trustee also has a general responsibility for ensuring that adequate accounting records are kept and for taking such steps as are reasonably open to it to safeguard the assets of the Fund and to prevent and detect fraud and other irregularities, including the maintenance of an appropriate system of internal control.

#### Further Information

Enquiries about the Fund or an individual's entitlement should be sent to Vanessa Roberts, Scheme Administrator, Employee Pensions, Nationwide Building Society, Nationwide House, Pipers Way, Swindon, Wiltshire, SN38 2GN.

The Trustee Report was approved by the Trustee on 12 July 2018 and signed on its behalf by:

Trustee Director

Trustee Director

#### INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT TO THE TRUSTEE OF THE NATIONWIDE PENSION FUND

#### Opinion

We have audited the financial statements of the Nationwide Pension Fund for the year ended 31 March 2018 which comprise the Fund Account, the Statement of Net Assets and the related notes to the financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies. The financial reporting framework that has been applied in their preparation is applicable law and United Kingdom Accounting Standards, including Financial Reporting Standard 102 "The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland (United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice)".

This report is made solely to the Fund's Trustee, as a body, in accordance with Regulation 3 of the Occupational Pension Schemes (Requirement to obtain Audited Accounts and a Statement from the Auditor) Regulations 1996, made under the Pensions Act 1995. Our audit work has been undertaken so that we might state to the Fund's Trustee those matters we are required to state to them in an auditor's report and for no other purpose. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than the Fund's Trustee as a body, for our audit work, for this report, or for the opinions we have formed.

In our opinion, the financial statements:

- show a true and fair view of the financial transactions of the Fund during the year ended 31 March 2018, and of the amount and disposition at that date of its assets and liabilities, other than liabilities to pay pensions and benefits after the end of the year;
- have been properly prepared in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice; and
- contain the information specified in Regulation 3A of the Occupational Pension Schemes (Requirement to obtain Audited Accounts and a Statement from the Auditor) Regulations 1996, made under the Pensions Act 1995.

#### Basis for opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (UK) (ISAs (UK)) and applicable law. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements section of our report. We are independent of the Fund in accordance with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the financial statements in the UK, including the FRC's Ethical Standard, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

#### Conclusions relating to going concern

We have nothing to report in respect of the following matters in relation to which the ISAs (UK) require us to report to you where:

- the Trustee's use of the going concern basis of accounting in the preparation of the financial statements is not appropriate; or
- the Trustee has not disclosed in the financial statements any identified material uncertainties that may cast significant doubt about the Fund's ability to continue to adopt the going concern basis of accounting for a period of at least twelve months from the date when the financial statements are authorised for issue.

#### Other information

The Trustee is responsible for the other information. The other information comprises the information included in the annual report, other than the financial statements and our auditor's report thereon. Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover the other information and, except to the extent otherwise explicitly stated in our report, we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

#### **INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT – continued**

In connection with our audit of the financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If we identify such material inconsistencies or apparent material misstatements, we are required to determine whether there is a material misstatement in the financial statements or a material misstatement of the other information. If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact.

We have nothing to report in this regard.

#### **Responsibilities of Trustee**

As explained more fully in the Statement of Trustee's Responsibilities, the Trustee is responsible for the preparation of the financial statements, for being satisfied that they give a true and fair view, and for such internal control as the Trustee determines is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, the Trustee is responsible for assessing the Fund's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless the Trustee either intends to wind up the Fund or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

#### Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs (UK) will always detect a material misstatement when it exists.

Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

A further description of our responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements is located on the Financial Reporting Council's website at: <a href="http://www.frc.org.uk/auditorsresponsibilities">www.frc.org.uk/auditorsresponsibilities</a>. This description forms part of our auditor's report.

rowe U.K UP

Crowe U.K. LLP Statutory Auditor London

12 July 2018

#### FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

# Fund Account for the year ended 31 March 2018

		2018	2017
	Note	£m	£m
Contributions and benefits Additions			
Contributions receivable	3	252.7	106.4
Other income	4	0.1	0.2
		252.8	106.6
Withdrawals			
Benefits payable	5	(97.8)	(91.6)
Payments to and on account of leavers	6	(38.4)	(30.3)
Administrative expenses	7	(4.5)	(3.5)
		(140.7)	(125.4)
Net additions/(withdrawals) from dealings with members		112.1	(18.8)
Returns on investments			
Investment income	8	61.9	40.1
Change in market value of investments	11	223.8	1,015.1
Investment management expenses	9	(31.2)	(26.7)
Net returns on investments		254.5	1,028.5
Net increase in the Fund during the year		366.6	1,009.7
Net assets of the Fund			
At the beginning of the year		5,474.5	4,464.8
At the end of the year		5,841.1	5,474.5

The Notes on pages 20 to 40 form part of these financial statements.

#### FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

#### Statement of Net Assets as at 31 March 2018

		2018	2017
	Note	£m	£m
Investment assets and liabilities	10,11,20		
Assets			
Fixed interest securities		734.2	467.1
Index linked securities		2,332.5	2,130.3
Pooled investment vehicles	13	2,894.3	2,772.0
Derivatives	14	17.6	24.8
Property	15	203.4	224.9
Annuity investments	16	0.9	1.0
Cash deposits	17	129.9	66.8
Other investment balances	17	11.4	5.3
AVC & Bonus Saver investments	18	11.3	11.2
		6,335.5	5,703.4
Liabilities			
Derivatives	14	(23.9)	(21.4)
Securities under repurchase agreements	17,19	(472.8)	(206.6)
Other investment balances	17	(4.5)	(2.1)
		(501.2)	(230.1)
		5,834.3	5,473.3
Current assets and liabilities			
Current assets	21	8.3	3.4
Current liabilities	21	(1.5)	(2.2)
		6.8	1.2
Net Assets of the Fund at 31 March		5,841.1	5,474.5

The Notes on pages 20 to 40 form part of these financial statements.

The financial statements summarise the transactions and net assets of the Fund. Liabilities to pay pensions and other benefits that are expected to become payable after the end of the Fund year are not dealt with in the financial statements. The actuarial position of the Fund, which does take account of such liabilities, is dealt with in the Report on Actuarial Liabilities on page 12 of this Annual Report, and these financial statements should be read in conjunction with this report.

The financial statements on pages 18 to 40 were approved by the Trustee on 12 July 2018 and signed on its behalf by:

Trustee Director

obertafritigiel

Trustee Director

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

#### For the year ended 31 March 2018

#### 1. Basis of preparation

The financial statements have been prepared on a going concern basis in accordance with the Occupational Pension Schemes (Requirement to obtain Audited Accounts and a Statement from the Auditor) Regulations 1996, Financial Reporting Standard 102 – The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland issued by the Financial Reporting Council ("FRS 102") and the guidance set out in the Statement of Recommended Practice "Financial Reports of Pension Schemes" (2015) ("the SORP").

Some pooled investment vehicles are held through limited partnerships in which the Fund is the only partner. In accordance with the SORP no consolidated accounts have been prepared as the statutory framework for pension schemes financial reporting does not require consolidation and the pooled investment vehicles are included within the Statement of Net Assets on the basis referred to in accounting policy 2(e)(ii) below. A summary of the limited partnerships' net assets is disclosed in the pooled investment vehicle note in the financial statements.

#### 2. Accounting policies

The following principal accounting policies have been adopted in the preparation of the financial statements:

#### (a) <u>Contributions</u>

Normal contributions are accounted for on an accruals basis. Deficit funding costs, redundancy waivers and augmentations are accounted for according to the due dates prescribed by the Schedule of Contributions or on the date of receipt if earlier.

#### (b) <u>Transfers to other schemes</u>

Transfer values are included in the financial statements in accordance with the agreement, which is normally when received and paid. They do not take account of members who have notified the Fund of their intention to transfer.

#### (c) Income from investments

All income from investments is accounted for on an accruals basis. Dividends from quoted and unquoted investments are accounted for on the date the investment goes 'ex-dividend'. Rental income is accounted for in accordance with the terms of the lease. Income from pooled investment vehicles is accounted for when declared by the fund manager.

#### (d) Expenditure

Benefits payable are accrued from the later of the date of leaving, retirement or death, and the date on which any option is exercised. Management and administration expenses are accounted for when they fall due. Acquisition costs of investments are included in the purchase cost of investments and disposal costs are deducted from the proceeds of sales of investments.

#### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - continued

#### (e) <u>Valuation of investments</u>

- i. Fixed interest securities and index-linked securities are stated at their clean price, where applicable including the indexation element which is payable on maturity. Accrued interest is excluded from the market value of fixed income securities and is included in investment income receivable.
- ii. Pooled investment vehicles are valued at the bid price quoted by the managers or at a single price if only one price is quoted. Infrastructure and private equity funds are valued by the fund managers or their third-party agents, where the underlying investments held within those funds are valued at their fair value. Property limited partnerships are valued at the Funds share of net assets, with the underlying property valued in accordance with accounting policy 2(e)(vi).
- iii. Futures contracts are valued at the exchange price for closing out the contract at the year-end date and this represents the unrealised profit or loss of the contract.
- iv. Swap contracts are stated at fair value, which is calculated using pricing models where inputs are based on market data at the year-end date. Interest is accrued monthly on a basis consistent with the terms of the contract. Net receipts or payments on swap contracts are reported within investment income.
- v. Forward foreign exchange contracts are stated at fair value, which is determined as the gain or loss that would arise if the outstanding contract were matched at the year end with an equal and opposite contract.
- vi. Direct property investments are valued on an open market basis as at 31 March each year by Knight Frank, an independent firm of Chartered Surveyors.
- vii. Annuity investments are the value of the insured annuities, calculated by Aon Hewitt, the Fund's actuarial advisers, using the same actuarial assumptions adopted for ongoing purposes in the triennial valuation of the Fund.
- viii. Unit-linked AVC assets are valued at the bid price or single price at the end of the accounting period. The with-profits funds held by Equitable Life, Zurich and Standard Life include an element of final bonus which is not guaranteed.

Bonds, mortgage backed securities, property, infrastructure, private equity funds and hedge funds are included at fair values. However, because of the inherent uncertainty associated with the valuation of some of these investments due to the absence of a liquid market, these fair values may differ from their realisable value.

#### (f) <u>Foreign currencies</u>

Assets and liabilities in foreign currencies are expressed in sterling at the rates of exchange prevailing at the year end and exchange differences arising are included in realised and unrealised investment gains. Income from foreign securities is expressed in sterling at the exchange rate prevailing when received.

#### (g) Securities under repurchase agreements

Securities sold subject to repurchase agreements are included in the financial statements as assets of the Fund at their year-end market value. Amounts payable under repurchase agreements are included under other investment liabilities.

#### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - continued

3. Contributions receivable

	2018	2017
Note	£m	£m
	49.2	40.5
(a)	12.0	12.4
(b)	186.0	49.0
(C)	3.0	2.1
(d)	0.4	0.4
(d)	0.1	0.1
	250.7	104.5
	0.2	0.2
(d)	1.4	1.3
(d)	0.4	0.4
	2.0	1.9
	252.7	106.4
	(a) (b) (c) (d) (d)	Note       fm         49.2         (a)       12.0         (b)       186.0         (c)       3.0         (d)       0.4         (d)       0.1         250.7       250.7         (d)       0.4         (d)       0.2         (d)       0.4         (d)       0.4         (d)       0.2         (d)       0.4         2.0       2.0

(a) 'Smart pensions' relate to a salary sacrifice scheme that enables members to sacrifice part of their salary in return for the Society making a pension contribution for them.

- (b) Deficit contributions are made by the Society to help reduce the funding deficit. In addition, a lump sum of £100m was received in April 2017, £49m was received in July 2017 and £37m in August 2017. Further lump sums of £61m are due each July from July 2018 to July 2021.
- (c) Redundancy waivers are payments made by the Society to improve the pensions of employees in lieu of a severance payment. Augmentation payments are additional contributions made by the Society to enhance the pensions of and provide life cover for certain employees under the terms of their redundancy agreements with the Society.
- (d) Bonus Savers are payments made by the Society to improve the pensions of employees who have waived all or part of their annual entitlement. Money purchase Bonus Savers and AVCs are invested with the companies listed in Note 18. Alternatively, Bonus Savers or AVCs can be used to secure additional benefits in the form of added years or pension credits.

#### 4. Other income

	2018 £m	2017 £m
Income from annuities	0.1	0.2

Income from annuities is received from insurance companies in respect of policies purchased for certain pensioners. The income is used to provide part of the pensions for these individuals.

#### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - continued

5. Benefits payable

	2018 £m	2017 £m
On or during retirement		
Pensions	77.2	72.9
Commutations	20.0	18.4
	97.2	91.3
Death benefits		
Death in service, deferment & retirement benefits	0.6	0.3
	97.8	91.6

The pensions balance represents reimbursements to the Society for pensions paid.

#### 6. Payments to and on account of leavers

	2018	2017
	£m	£m
Individual transfers to other schemes	38.4	30.3
7. Administrative expenses	2010	
	2018	2017
	£m	£m
Administration & processing costs	1.9	1.6
Actuarial fees	0.2	0.2
Audit fees	0.3	0.1
Pension levies	1.9	1.4
Legal and other professional fees	0.2	0.2
	4.5	3.5

Administration and management services for the Fund are provided by the Society. Fees payable by the Fund to the Society for services rendered are included in the total for administration and processing costs and totalled £0.06m (2017: £0.06m). From April 2017, audit fees include both external and internal audit services.

Trustee Directors who are not employees of the Society are able to receive remuneration for their services. Trustee fees of £0.2m (2017: £0.15m) relating to the Fund year are included in the total for administration and processing costs.

#### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - continued

#### 8. Investment income

	2018	2017
	£m	£m
Interest on fixed interest securities	16.0	14.8
Interest on index-linked securities	6.2	4.7
Dividends	-	0.3
Income from pooled investment vehicles	31.5	13.0
Interest on swaps	(2.9)	0.5
Rental income	10.7	6.8
Interest on cash deposits	0.4	-
	61.9	40.1

Interest on index-linked securities is stated net of £1.9m (2017: £2.4m) paid under the repurchase agreements relating to those assets.

#### 9. Investment management expenses

	2018 £m	2017 £m
Administration, management and custody	29.6	25.3
Investment consultancy fees	0.9	0.9
Investment services provided by the Society	0.7	0.5
	31.2	26.7

Investment management expenses include fees of £25.0m (2017: £21.3m) that have been deducted directly from investment holdings, as described in Note 11.

#### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - continued

#### 10. Fair value determination

The investments have been analysed according to the following valuation hierarchy:

- Level 1 The unadjusted quoted price in an active market for identical assets or liabilities that the entity can access at the measurement date. Cash and gilts fall in this level.
- Level 2 Inputs other than quoted prices included within Level 1 that are observable (i.e. developed using market data) for the asset or liability, either directly or indirectly. This applies to pooled funds, which are open ended, priced frequently and have no significant redemption restriction under normal business conditions, and bonds which are valued on an average of broker quotes.
- Level 3 Inputs are unobservable (i.e. for which market data is unavailable) for the asset or liability. This applies to closed ended pooled arrangements, for example the private market investments.

The Fund's investments have been analysed using the above hierarchy levels as follows:

	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total
	£m	£m	£m	£m
At 31 March 2018				
Fixed interest securities	506.0	228.2	-	734.2
Index linked securities	2,232.2	100.3	-	2,332.5
Pooled investment vehicles	-	1,911.9	982.4	2,894.3
Derivatives	(2.2)	(4.1)	-	(6.3)
Property	-	-	203.4	203.4
Annuity investments	-	-	0.9	0.9
AVC/Bonus Saver investments	-	-	11.3	11.3
Cash deposits	129.9	-	-	129.9
Securities under repurchase agreements	-	(472.8)	-	(472.8)
Other investment balances	3.5	4.8	(1.4)	6.9
	2,869.4	1,768.3	1,196.6	5,834.3
At 31 March 2017				
Fixed interest securities	60.0	407.1	-	467.1
Index linked securities	2,031.0	99.3	-	2,130.3
Pooled investment vehicles	-	1,815.0	957.0	2,772.0
Derivatives	0.5	2.9	-	3.4
Property	-	-	224.9	224.9
Annuity investments	-	-	1.0	1.0
AVC/Bonus Saver investments	-	-	11.2	11.2
Cash deposits	66.8	-	-	66.8
Securities under repurchase agreements	-	(206.6)	-	(206.6)
Other investment balances	0.1	4.3	(1.2)	3.2
	2,158.4	2,122.0	1,192.9	5,473.3

#### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - continued

#### 11. Investment movements

Movements in total net investments during the year were:

	Value at 31 March 2017	Cost of Purchases	Sales Proceeds	Change in Market Value	Value at 31 March 2018
	£m	£m	£m	£m	£m
Fixed interest securities	467.1	513.1	(258.4)	12.4	734.2
Index linked securities	2,130.3	184.0	-	18.2	2,332.5
Pooled investment vehicles	2,772.0	1,736.5	(1,781.0)	166.8	2,894.3
Derivatives	3.4	1.1	(14.7)	3.9	(6.3)
Property	224.9	84.0	(115.8)	10.3	203.4
Annuity investments	1.0	-	-	(0.1)	0.9
AVC/Bonus Saver investments	11.2	0.5	(0.7)	0.3	11.3
	5,609.9	2,519.2	(2,170.6)	211.8	6,170.3
Cash deposits and other	(136.6)			12.0	(336.0)
	5,473.3			223.8	5,834.3
			-	As per Fund A	ccount

#### **Transitions**

Most of the purchases and sales reflected a focus on improving matching risk throughout the year. There has been a  $\pm$ 46m move from physical equities into synthetic equities and a restructuring of fixed interest investments including a transfer of  $\pm$ 117m from fixed interest securities to a pooled arrangement.

Within return seeking risk there has been further diversification with a move into insurance linked pooled investment vehicles of £138m which was funded by £100m deficit funding and existing cash reserves.

The year also saw the transfer of property into two partnership structures to hold property assets of £113m on a pooled basis and continued investment into private equity, private credit and property funds of £78m, and a £630m transition between passive developed equity funds. In addition, £414m was transferred in and out of liquidity funds during the year

The deficit funding of £86m received in July/August 2017 was used to partly fund the pension fund's increased holdings of alternative matching assets.

#### Change in market value

The change in the market value of investments comprises all increases and decreases in the market value of investments held at any time during the year. Investment managers have deducted management fees of £25.0m during the year from holdings of pooled investment vehicles. Those fees have been charged as investment management expenses (Note 9) and change in market value has been increased accordingly to remove the loss in value associated with the fees, with a compensating increase in investment sale proceeds.

#### Capital commitments

As at 31 March 2018 the Fund was committed to providing further investment funding totalling approximately £492m (2017: £529m) if called upon to do so.

#### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - continued

#### 12. Transaction costs

Transaction costs are included in the cost of purchases and sale proceeds. They include costs charged directly to the Fund such as fees, commissions and stamp duty.

Transaction costs analysed by main asset class and type of cost are as follows:

	Commission	Levies, stamp duty and taxes	Total	
2018	£m	£m	£m	
Pooled investment vehicles	-	2.6	2.6	
Property _	-	1.2	1.2	
_		3.8	3.8	
2017				
Pooled investment vehicles	0.9	0.3	1.2	
Property	-	1.7	1.7	
	0.9	2.0	2.9	

In addition to the transaction costs disclosed above, indirect costs are incurred through the bid-offer spread on investments within pooled investment vehicles and charges are made within those vehicles.

#### 13. Pooled investment vehicles

As at 31 March 2018 the Fund's investment in pooled investment vehicles comprised:

	2018 £m	2017 £m
Bond funds	887.4	720.4
Equity funds	907.5	801.5
Property funds	381.9	248.0
Private market funds	678.1	808.8
Cash funds	39.4	193.3
	2,894.3	2,772.0

Of the above investments, £2,559.1m (2017: £2,439.6m) was held in the Nationwide Section and £328.9m (2017: £332.4m) in the C&D Section.

#### **Qualifying Investment Fund**

The Fund is the sole investor in a Legal & General Synthetic Equity Fund that is included in the equity funds in the table above. This is a Qualifying Investment Fund ("QIF") which is a particular type of investment fund regulated by the Central Bank of Ireland. The underlying assets of the QIF are:

	£m
Fixed interest securities	46.7
Total return swap assets	(4.7)
Foreign exchange contracts assets	218.6
Foreign exchange contracts liabilities	(216.8)
Cash and cash equivalents	0.6
	44.4

#### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - continued

Total return swaps held in the QIF at the year end were as follows:

	Nominal amount asset £m	Nominal amount liability £m	Market value asset £m	Market value liability £m
Total return swap liabilities	-	(130.6)	-	(4.7)

All of these contracts will expire in the next 2 years. Collateral in the form of cash in place at the year end in respect of the swaps was as follows:

	£m
Collateral held (pledged from third parties)	1.6
Collateral pledged to third parties	(0.7)

The forward foreign exchange contracts held in the QIF at the year end were as follows:

Currency	Net sale/(purchase) value at inception £m	Market value asset £m	Market value liability £m
Euro	(10.7)	11.1	(21.7)
GBP	73.0	145.5	(72.6)
Yen	(7.8)	8.4	(16.3)
USD	(54.7)	53.6	(106.2)
	(0.2)	218.6	(216.8)

#### Limited partnerships

The Fund holds two limited partnerships which hold a proportion of the Fund's property investments. The limited partnerships are not consolidated into the Fund financial statements as the statutory framework for pension scheme financial reporting does not require consolidation. The limited partnerships are accounted for at fair value and the Fund's 100% share of partnerships is included in the property pooled investment vehicles in the table above. A summary of the aggregate net assets of the limited partnerships has been provided below:

~

	£m
Investment property	102.1
Debtors: amounts falling due within one year	0.7
Cash at bank	0.2
Creditors: amounts falling due within one year	<u>(1.0)</u>
Net assets of limited partnerships	102.0

#### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - continued

#### 14. Derivatives

		2018		2017	
	Assets	Liabilities	Assets	Lia	bilities
	£m	£m	£m		£m
Futures	1.0	(3.0)	0.7	(	0.2)
Swaps	15.8	(20.7)	20.9	(	21.2)
Forward foreign exchange	0.8	(0.2)	3.2	,	-
	17.6	(23.9)	24.8		21.4)
Futures					
Underlying Ex Investment	piration	Economic exposure (long)	Economic exposure (short)	Market value asset	Market value liability
		£m	£m	£m	£m
UK equities Le	ss than 1 year	3.8	-	-	(0.1)
Overseas equities Le	ss than 1 year	55.5	-	0.1	(1.7)
UK bonds Le	ss than 1 year	37.7	-	0.5	-
Overseas bonds Le	ss than 1 year	44.8	(49.3)	0.4	(1.2)
At	31 March 2018	141.8	(49.3)	1.0	(3.0)
At	31 March 2017	62.1	(53.5)	0.7	(0.2)

Futures are exchange traded derivatives and are used to obtain better exposure to underlying bonds, enhance investment returns and manage risk. The economic exposure represents the notional value of stock purchased under the futures contract and therefore the value is subject to market movements.

#### Swaps

Nature	Expiration	Notional principal £m	Market value asset £m	Market value liability £m
Interest rate swaps	Less than 5 years	66.9	-	(1.1)
	Between 5 and 10 years	120.3	-	(1.4)
	Between 10 and 20 years	52.4	1.9	(0.3)
		239.6	1.9	(2.8)
Inflation rate swaps	Less than 1 year	8.4	0.7	_
	Less than 5 years	103.0	-	(6.1)
	Between 5 and 10 years	43.1	0.5	(3.1)
	Between 10 and 20 years	224.1	7.8	(7.7)
	Between 40 and 50 years	80.3	4.9	-
		458.9	13.9	(16.9)
Credit default swaps	Less than 5 years	10.0	-	(1.0)
	At 31 March 2018	708.5	15.8	(20.7)
	At 31 March 2017	575.0	20.9	(21.2)

#### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - continued

Inflation swaps and credit default swaps are used to manage risk and match the Fund's long-term liabilities, especially in relation to their sensitivities to movements in inflation. The notional principal of the swap is the amount used to determine the value of the swapped receipts and payments.

Collateral, in the form of gilts, in place at the year end in respect of swaps was as follows:

Collateral held (pledged by third parties)	£1.1m
Collateral pledged to third parties	£5.4m

#### Forward Foreign Exchange Contracts

	Currency	Gross sale/(purchase) value at inception £m	Market value asset £m	Market value liability £m
Comment				
Currency sold	US Dollar	82.8	0.8	(0.1)
	Euro	3.4	-	(0.1)
	Other	3.8	-	-
	At 31 March 2018	90.0	0.8	(0.2)
	At 31 March 2017	196.7	3.2	
Currency bought	At 31 March 2018	-	-	_
call elley sought				
	At 31 March 2017	(3.6)	-	-

All forward foreign exchange contracts held at the year-end were contracted to be settled within three months of the year end. Russell Investments operates a hedge against the currency exposures arising from the Babson and Falcon Bridge credit mandates. Further details have been provided in Note 20.

15. Property		
	2018	2017
	£m	£m
Freehold property	203.4	212.1
Leasehold property	-	12.8
	203.4	224.9

The Fund holds a number of interests in UK properties. There are no restrictions on the realisation of the properties, the remittance of income or disposal proceeds. The properties are illiquid as they would take between three and twelve months to find a suitable buyer.

All commercial leaseholders are responsible for repairs and maintenance and dilapidations. For residential flat leaseholders there is a service charge to cover repairs and maintenance to the building. The Fund manages its properties in line with its Ethical Landlord policy.

The properties are valued annually on 31 March at fair value by Knight Frank LLP, a member of the Royal Institute of Chartered Surveyors, in accordance with the Royal Institute of Chartered Surveyors' Valuation Standards UK PS1.1 Valuation for Financial Statements. The valuations were based on recent market transactions on arm's length terms.

#### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - continued

#### 16. Annuity investments

Annuity investments represent an actuarial valuation of investments providing the annuity income received by the Fund.

#### 17. Cash deposits and other

	2018 £m	2017 £m
Cash deposits Unsettled assets Accrued income	129.9 5.4 <u>6.0</u> 141.3	66.8 - 5.3 72.1
Unsettled liabilities Accrued expenses Securities under repurchase agreements	3.1 1.4 <u>472.8</u> 477.3	1.1 1.0 206.6 208.7
Net cash deposits and other	(336.0)	(136.6)

#### 18. AVC and Bonus Saver investments

Aggregate amounts of AVC and Bonus Saver investments were:

		2018 £m	2017 £m
AVCs	Aviva	0.1	0.1
	Equitable Life Assurance Society	0.2	0.2
	Fidelity Pensions Management	7.2	7.0
	Legal and General	0.1	0.1
	Prudential Assurance Company	1.8	1.8
	Standard Life Assurance Company	0.1	0.1
	Zurich Assurance Ltd		0.1
		9.5	9.4
_			
Bonus Savers	Fidelity Pensions Management	1.7	1.7
	Prudential Assurance Company	0.1	0.1
		1.8	1.8
		11.3	11.2

Small Bonus Saver balances (less than £0.1m) are also held with Equitable Life Assurance Society and Zurich Assurance Ltd.

2010

2017

The Trustee holds AVC and Bonus Saver assets invested separately from the main fund in the form of individual building society accounts, insurance policies and other unitised investments securing additional benefits on a money purchase basis for those members electing to pay additional voluntary contributions, and these assets do not form part of the common pool of assets available for members generally. Members participating in these arrangements each receive annual statements confirming the amounts held to their account and the movements in the year.

#### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - continued

#### 19. Securities under repurchase agreements

During the year the Fund has entered into repurchase agreements using its UK government index linked securities as the underlying security. The Fund retains the entitlement to receive income accruing on these securities and has a contractual agreement to repurchase the securities at a specified future date.

The securities are included in the financial statements as assets of the Fund at their market value. At 31 March 2018 the market value of securities sold under repurchase agreements was £484.0m (2017: £209.8m).

Cash received from counterparties in respect of the securities that have been sold has been used by the Fund to increase its matching assets portfolio, although the repurchase arrangements are fungible and are not linked to specific assets. Amounts payable to counterparties under repurchase agreements are disclosed as liabilities in the Fund's financial statements under investment liabilities. At 31 March 2018 this amounted to £473.4m (2017: £207.0m) including £0.6m accrued interest.

At 31 March 2018 there was collateral held of £8.6m (2017: £1.4m) against the difference in valuation between the underlying securities and the repurchase agreements.

#### 20. Investment risks

Credit risk is the risk that one party to a financial instrument will cause a financial loss for the other party by failing to discharge an obligation. Market risk includes currency risk, interest rate risk and other price risk, as explained below:

- Currency risk is the risk that the fair value of future cash flows of a financial asset will fluctuate because of changes in foreign exchange rates.
- Interest risk is the risk that the fair value or future cash flows of a financial asset will fluctuate because of changes in market interest rates.
- Other price risk is the risk that the fair value of future cash flows of a financial asset will fluctuate because of changes in market prices (other than those arising from interest rate risk or currency risk), whether those changes are caused by factors specific to the individual financial instrument or its issuer, or factors affecting all similar financial instruments traded in the market.

The Trustee determines its investment strategy after taking advice from the investment consultant. The Fund has exposure to these risks because of the investments it makes in following the investment strategy. The Trustee manages investment risks, including credit risk and market risk, within agreed risk limits which are set taking into account the Fund's investment objectives. These investment objectives and risk limits are implemented through the investment management agreements in place with the Fund's investment managers, reviewed by the CIO team and monitored by the IFC by regular reviews of the investment portfolio.

Further information on the Trustee's approach to risk management, credit and market risk is set out below. This does not include annuity policies or AVC or Bonus Saver investments as these are not considered significant in relation to the overall investments of the Fund.

The investment objective of both sections of the Fund is set out under Investment Objectives and Strategy on page 10.

#### The Nationwide Section

For the Nationwide Section investment strategy, 50%-60% of investments are made in matching assets that will broadly move in line with the long-term liabilities of the Section. These comprise UK government and corporate bonds, inflation and interest rate swaps, long lease property and ground rents.

#### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - continued

The purpose of holding these assets is to target a 100% hedge against the impact of interest rate and inflation movements on long-term liabilities.

In addition, 45% of the assets are invested in return seeking investments comprising global equities, equity futures, investment property, credit and debt investments, private equity and infrastructure investments. Both matching and return seeking assets, which total £5,933.1m (2017: £5,256.1m), are supported by using repurchase agreements to provide cash that can acquire additional matching assets, which along with other cash and derivatives decrease net assets to £5,494.1m (2017: £5,129.7m).

The Trustee considers the asset classes and investment risks in matching and return seeking terms. The investment strategy is best explained in this context.

An analysis of the investments held in the Nationwide Section by the different strategies is provided below:

Asset Class	Segregated £m	Pooled £m	2018 Total £m	2017 Total £m
Matching Access				
Matching Assets Government and Supranational Bonds <sup>1</sup>	2,754.8	356.8	3,111.6	2,326.1
	302.1	550.0	,	·
Corporate Bonds <sup>1</sup>	302.1	-	302.1	321.5
Alternative Matching Assets:	100 5	1007	210.2	140.4
Long Lease Property	109.5	100.7	210.2	140.4
Ground Rent Property	7.1	-	7.1	94.2
Private Markets				
Property	-	101.6	101.6	-
Cash	22.8	32.7	55.5	140.0
Derivatives	(5.1)	-	(5.1)	0.2
Other assets/liabilities	3.1	-	3.1	4.7
Total Matching Assets	3,194.3	591.8	3,786.1	3,027.1
Return Seeking Assets				
Equities <sup>1</sup>	-	851.0	851.0	774.3
Corporate Bonds	9.7	230.2	239.9	381.0
Private Markets				
Infrastructure	-	329.1	329.1	421.4
Property	86.8	133.0	219.8	173.9
Private & Property Debt	-	101.7	101.7	102.3
Private Equity	-	327.5	327.5	349.5
Cash	78.2	0.4	78.6	25.7
Derivatives	(1.9)	-	(1.9)	1.3
Other assets/liabilities	1.3	-	1.3	(0.4)
Total Return Seeking Assets	174.1	1,972.9	2,147.0	2,229.0
Cash and Leverage/Derivatives				
Cash	32.3	0.7	33.0	78.3
Other Derivatives	0.8	-	0.8	1.9
Repurchase Agreements	(472.8)	-	(472.8)	(206.6)
Total Other Assets and Liabilities	(439.7)	0.7	(439.0)	(126.4)
	(		(	(======)
Total Net Assets (excluding AVCs)	2,928.7	2,565.4	5,491.1	5,129.7
	2,520.1	_,		5,125.7

<sup>1</sup> The value of bonds in Matching Assets has increased and this is principally due to increases in repurchase agreements used to progress the de-risking strategy.

#### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - continued

#### Matching Assets

The Trustee has set an allocation target for total investment in matching assets of between 50%-60% of the total investment portfolio as part of the matching asset investment strategy. As at 31 March 2018 the matching asset portfolio of £3,786.1m (2017: £3,027.1m) net of repo represented 69% of the total investment portfolio (2017: 59%). This is within the ranges set for the portfolio but it will vary depending on normal market/interest rate movements.

#### Interest Rate Risk

The Nationwide Section is subject to interest rate risk through its investments in bonds, long lease property, ground rents, interest rate swaps and cash, either as segregated investments or as pooled funds and derivative contracts, as set out in the table above. However, these assets are held as part of the matching assets strategy to mitigate liability risk because of their sensitivity to interest rates, so if interest rates fall the value of the matching assets will rise to help match the resulting increase in actuarial liabilities. Similarly, if interest rates rise the matching asset investments will fall in value as will the actuarial liabilities. The Trustee has a strategy to target a hedge of 100% interest risk on a technical provisions basis. At 31 March 2018 the interest rate hedge ratio was 72% (2017: 54%).

#### Inflation Risk

The Nationwide Section is subject to inflation risk through its investments in the segregated index linked securities (as per Note 11), long lease property and ground rents, either as segregated investments or as pooled funds, as shown in the table above, and inflation swaps (as per Note 14). The long lease property assets and ground rent investments are only partial hedges for inflation as the income streams they generate are uplifted at set periods and not annually. However, these assets are held as part of the matching assets strategy to mitigate liability risk because of their sensitivity to inflation. If inflation rises the value of the matching assets will rise to help match the increase in actuarial liabilities. Similarly, if inflation falls the matching asset investments will also fall in value as will the actuarial liabilities. The Trustee has a strategy to target a hedge of 100% inflation rate risk on a technical provisions basis. At 31 March the inflation rate hedge was 78% (2017: 74%).

#### Return Seeking Assets

The year-end allocation to return seeking assets of £2,147.0m (2017: £2,229.0m) was 39% (2017: 43%), just above the bottom of the acceptable range set under the strategic asset allocation. The allocation will vary depending on normal market movements and the SIP allows for the Trustee to make short term allocations that move beyond these ranges.

#### Interest Rate Risk

In the Return Seeking Assets, the segregated bonds and cash and a proportion of the private & property debt and private equity funds as shown in the table above are also exposed to interest rate risk. The investment managers will consider the risk and expected reward when determining which investments to invest in.

#### All Nationwide Section Assets

#### Currency Risk

The Nationwide Section operates a global investment strategy and therefore is subject to currency risk across a broad range of investments. The Trustee manages this in a variety of ways.

- Developed market equity investments are held in pooled funds representing 77% (2017: 79%) of the total equity funds as shown in the table above and have a target currency hedge of 70%, with a range of 65%-75%. This is provided by holding the hedged element in a sterling share class with the fund manager hedging the position. Hedging beyond this level is considered to be inefficient with the costs of hedging outweighing the benefits. This was the case at the current and preceding year end.
- Exposure to emerging markets equities representing 23% (2017: 21%) of the total equity funds as shown in the table above is not hedged as return from these investments is derived from both equity and currency performance.

#### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - continued

- Non-UK segregated bonds representing 5% (2017: 6%) of the segregated bond portfolio in Matching Assets as shown in the table above are hedged 100% for currency purposes through the implementation of a currency overlay provided by Russell Implementation Services (see Note 14).
- Currency hedging is not undertaken for overseas private equity, infrastructure, and property investments as the cost would be prohibitive due to the timing and quantity of the realisation of these very illiquid investments being unknown.

#### Other Price Risk

The Nationwide Section is subject to other price risk principally in relation to its return-seeking portfolio which includes equity and private market funds, as shown in the table above, and futures (Note 14). It is also subject to other price risk in matching assets, principally in relation to its investments in properties, whether as segregated investments or through pooled arrangements, as shown in the table above.

Other price risk varies depending on the particular market. In addition, the Trustee uses repurchase arrangements as part of its investment strategy, which has some re-pricing risk.

The Trustee manages this exposure to overall price movements by constructing a diverse portfolio of investments across various markets it accesses.

#### Credit Risk

The Nationwide Section is subject to credit risk because it directly invests in bonds and over the counter ('OTC') derivatives, has cash balances and enters into repurchase agreements. It also invests in pooled investment vehicles, in which it is directly exposed to credit risk, and is indirectly exposed to credit risks arising on the financial instruments held by the private debt and property debt funds.

Credit risk arising on bonds and loans held directly is mitigated by investing in government and supranational bonds where the credit risk is minimal. Credit risk arising on bonds or loans held indirectly through segregated or pooled accounts is mitigated by:

- corporate bonds which are rated at least investment grade, and
- by investment mandates that specify the type of bonds that can be held; these mandates have been subject to
  due diligence of the fund manager before any investment was made to ensure that the expected return of the
  investments was commensurate with their expected credit risk. Investments in this category include a multi-asset
  credit fund (which holds a range of different bonds and loans across a variety of credit classes and a range of
  credit ratings), residential mortgage backed securities and collateralised loan obligations, and
- investment in unrated loans that are secured either on commercial real estate or on the assets of a business; the expected return from these loans is commensurate with the expected credit risk.

Credit risk arising on derivatives depends on whether the derivative is exchange traded or over the counter. OTC derivative contracts are not guaranteed by any regulated exchange and therefore the Section is subject to risk of failure of the counterparty. The credit risk for OTC swaps is reduced by collateral arrangements (see Note 14). Credit risk also arises on forward foreign currency contracts. There are currently no collateral arrangements for these contracts but all counterparties are required to be at least investment grade.

Cash is held within financial institutions which are at least investment grade credit rated.

Credit risk on repurchase agreements is mitigated through the use of a range of collateral arrangements as disclosed in Note 14.

#### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - continued

#### Pooled Funds

Pooled funds are generally unrated due to the nature of the investment. Direct credit risk arising from pooled investment vehicles is mitigated by the underlying assets of the pooled arrangements being ring-fenced from the pooled manager, the regulatory environments in which the pooled managers operate and diversification of investments amongst a number of pooled arrangements. The Trustee carries out due diligence checks on the appointment of new pooled investment managers and on an ongoing basis monitors any changes to the operating environment of the pooled manager.

Pooled investment arrangements used by the Fund comprise £1,699.2m (2017: £1,488.4m) unit-linked insurance contracts and £866.2m (2017: £951.2m) limited partnership arrangements.

Indirect credit risk arises in relation to underlying investments held in pooled investment vehicles. This includes bonds, secured loan arrangements and the QIF. The investment managers will consider the risk and expected reward when determining which investments to invest in. This was the case at the current and preceding year end.

#### C&D Section

For the C&D Section the investment strategy currently seeks to invest: -

- 90%-95% of its investments into Matching Assets that will broadly move in line with the long-term liabilities of the Section. These comprise UK government and corporate bonds. The purpose of holding these assets is to hedge against the impact of interest rate and inflation movements on long-term liabilities. As at 31 March 2018 the bond funds represented 93% (2017: 92%) of the total investment portfolio based on the fair value of the investments. This variance from the target asset allocation is within the target range and will vary depending on normal market/interest rate movements.
- In addition, the Section has set a target asset allocation of 5%-10% of investments being held in global equities. As at the year end the allocation to return seeking assets was 7%. This is within the target range and will vary depending on normal market/interest rate movements.

Asset Class	2018 Total £m	2017 Total £m
Matching Assets Bond funds	306.0	305.2
<b>Return Seeking Assets</b> World equity fund	22.9	27.2
Total Net Assets (excluding AVCs)	328.9	332.4

#### Credit Risk and Pooled Funds

The C&D Section is subject to credit risk because it invests in pooled investment vehicles, in which it is directly exposed to credit risk, and is indirectly exposed to credit risks arising on the financial instruments held by the vehicles.

Direct credit risk arising from pooled investment vehicles is mitigated by the underlying assets of the pooled arrangements being ring-fenced from the pooled manager, the regulatory environments in which the pooled managers operate and diversification of investments amongst a number of pooled arrangements. The Trustee monitors any changes to the

#### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - continued

operating environment of Legal & General on an ongoing basis, with the assistance of its investment advisors.

Pooled investment arrangements used by the Section comprise unit-linked insurance contracts.

Indirect credit risk arises in relation to underlying investments held in the bond pooled investment vehicles as shown in the table above. This is mitigated by only investing in bonds that are at least investment grade. This was the position at the current and preceding year end.

#### Currency Risk

The C&D Section is only exposed to currency risk through the world equity fund exposure, as shown in the table above. However, this is mitigated by investment in a sterling share class where the fund manager hedges the underlying currency risk.

#### Interest and Inflation Rate Risk

The C&D Section is subject to interest and inflation rate risk because of its investments in bonds, through pooled bond funds, as shown above. However, these assets are held because of their sensitivity to interest and inflation rates in order to mitigate liability risk.

#### Other Price Risk

For the C&D Section, other price risk arises principally in relation to the world equity fund, as shown above.

#### 21. Current assets and liabilities

	2018	2017
	£m	£m
Current assets		
Cash balances	7.1	3.4
VAT debtor	1.2	-
	8.3	3.4
Current liabilities		
Unpaid benefits	(0.3)	(0.8)
Accrued expenses	(0.5)	(0.7)
Amounts outstanding with the Society	(0.7)	(0.7)
	(1.5)	(2.2)

There were no employer-related investments during the Fund year.

#### 22. Related party transactions

Reimbursements to the Society of pensions payments are disclosed in Note 5, and the amount outstanding with the Society at the end of the financial year in Note 21.

Included in administrative expenses and investment management expenses are fees charged to the Fund from the Society, as disclosed in Notes 7 and 9 respectively.

Arthur Amos, Trustee Director, is in receipt of pension from the Fund. Details of Trustee Director remuneration are provided in Note 7.

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - continued

### 23. Nationwide Section:

Fund Account for the year ended 31 March 2018

	2018	2017
	£m	£m
Contributions and benefits		
Additions		
Contributions receivable	252.7	106.4
Other income	0.1	0.2
	252.8	106.6
Withdrawals		
Benefits payable	(91.4)	(85.3)
Payments to and on account of leavers	(37.0)	(29.4)
Administrative expenses	(4.3)	(3.3)
	(132.7)	(118.0)
Net additions/(withdrawals) from dealings with		
members	120.1	(11.4)
Returns on investments		
Investment income	61.9	40.1
Change in market value of investments	217.8	954.4
Investment management expenses	(30.8)	(26.4)
Net returns on investments	248.9	968.1
Net increase in the Section during the year	369.0	956.7
Net assets of the Section		
At the beginning of the year	5,141.5	4,184.8
At the end of the year	5,510.5	5,141.5

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - continued

# 24. Nationwide Section:

Statement of Net Assets as at 31 March 2018	Statement	of Net	Assets	as at 31	March 2018	
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Statement of Net Assets as at 31 March 2010	2010	2017
	2018	2017
	£m	£m
Investment assets and liabilities		
Assets		
Fixed interest securities	734.2	467.1
Index linked securities	2,332.5	2,130.3
Pooled investment vehicles	2,565.4	2,439.6
Derivatives	0.6	24.8
Property	203.4	224.9
Annuity investments	0.9	1.0
Cash deposits	129.9	66.8
Other investment balances	11.4	5.3
AVC & Bonus Saver investments	11.2	11.1
	5,989.5	5,370.9
Liabilities		
Derivatives	(6.9)	(21.4)
Securities under repurchase agreements	(472.8)	(206.6)
Other investment balances	(4.3)	(2.1)
	(484.0)	(230.1)
	5,505.5	5,140.8
Current assets and liabilities		
Current assets	6.5	2.8
Current liabilities	(1.5)	(2.1)
	5.0	0.7
Net Assets of the Section at 31 March	5,510.5	5,141.5

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - continued

# 25. C&D Section: Fund Account for the year ended 31 March 2018

25. C&D Section: Fund Account for the year ended 31 March 2018		
	2018	2017
	£m	£m
Contributions and benefits		
Withdrawals		
Benefits payable	(6.4)	(6.3)
Payments to and on account of leavers	(1.4)	(0.9)
Administrative expenses	(0.2)	(0.2)
	(8.0)	(7.4)
Net withdrawals from dealings with members	(8.0)	(7.4)
Returns on investments		
Change in market value of investments	6.0	60.7
Investment management expenses	(0.4)	(0.3)
Net returns on investments	5.6	60.4
Net (decease)/increase in the Section during the year	(2.4)	53.0
Net assets of the Section		
At the beginning of the year	333.0	280.0
At the end of the year	330.6	333.0
26. C&D Section: Statement of Net Assets as at 31 March 2018		
Investment assets and liabilities	2018	2017
	£m	£m
Assets		
Pooled investment vehicles	328.9	332.4
AVC investments	0.1	0.1
	329.0	332.5
Liabilities		
Other investment balances	(0.2)	
	328.8	332.5
Current assets and liabilities		
Current assets	1.8	0.6
Current liabilities	-	(0.1)
	1.8	0.5
Net Assets of the Section at 31 March	330.6	333.0

# INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S STATEMENT ABOUT CONTRIBUTIONS TO THE TRUSTEE OF THE NATIONWIDE PENSION FUND

#### Statement about contributions payable under the Schedule of Contributions

We have examined the summary of contributions payable to the Nationwide Pension Fund, for the Fund year ended 31 March 2018 which is set out on page 42.

In our opinion contributions for the Fund year ended 31 March 2018 as reported in the summary of contributions and payable under the Schedule of Contributions have in all material respects been paid at least in accordance with the Schedule of Contributions certified by the Fund Actuary on 18 July 2014 for the period 1 April 2017 to 31 July 2017 and the Schedule of Contributions certified by the Fund Actuary on 2 August 2017 for the period 1 August 2017 to 31 March 2018 for the Nationwide Section and the Schedule of Contributions certified by the Fund Actuary on 2 August 2017 for the Fund Actuary on 18 July 2014 for the period 1 April 2017 to 31 March 2018 for the Nationwide Section and the Schedule of Contributions certified by the Fund Actuary on 29 June 2017 for the period 1 April 2017 to 31 May 2017 and the Schedule of Contributions certified by the Fund Actuary on 29 June 2017 for the period 1 June 2017 to 31 March 2018 for the C&D Section.

#### Basis of opinion

Our objective is to obtain sufficient evidence to give reasonable assurance that contributions reported in the attached summary of contributions have in all material respects been paid at least in accordance with the Schedule of Contributions. This includes an examination, on a test basis, of evidence relevant to the amounts of contributions payable to the Fund and the timing of those payments under the Schedule of Contributions.

#### **Responsibilities of Trustee**

As explained more fully in the Statement of Trustee's Responsibilities, the Fund's Trustee is responsible for ensuring that there is prepared, maintained and from time to time revised a Schedule of Contributions which sets out the rates and due dates of certain contributions payable towards the Fund by or on behalf of the employer and the active members of the Fund. The Trustee is also responsible for keeping records in respect of contributions received in respect of active members of the Fund and for monitoring whether contributions are made to the Fund by the employer in accordance with the Schedule of Contributions.

#### Auditor's responsibilities for the statement about contributions

It is our responsibility to provide a Statement about Contributions paid under the Schedule of Contributions and to report our opinion to you.

#### Use of our statement

This statement is made solely to the Fund's Trustee, as a body, in accordance with The Occupational Pension Schemes (Requirement to obtain Audited Accounts and a Statement from the Auditor) Regulations 1996 made under the Pensions Act 1995. Our work has been undertaken so that we might state to the Fund's Trustee those matters we are required to state to them in an auditor's statement about contributions and for no other purpose. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than the Fund's Trustee as a body, for our work, for this statement, or for the opinion we have formed.

owe U.K.UP

Crowe U.K. LLP Statutory Auditor London

2018

# SUMMARY OF CONTRIBUTIONS PAYABLE DURING THE FUND YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2018

Contributions payable to the Fund by the employer under the Schedule of Contributions in respect of the year ended 31 March 2018 were as follows:

	£m
Employer normal contributions	49.2
Employer additional contributions	15.5
Employee normal contributions	0.2
Total contributions received in accordance with the Schedule	64.9
Additional employer contributions received not covered by the Schedule	186.0
Additional employee contributions received not covered by the Schedule	1.8
	1.0

Signed on behalf of the Trustee on 12 July 2018 by:

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**Trustee Director** 

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**Trustee Director** 

#### Certificate of schedule of contributions

Nationwide Pension Fund - Nationwide Section

#### Adequacy of rates of contributions

1. I certify that, in my opinion, the rates of contributions shown in this Schedule of Contributions are such that the statutory funding objective could have been expected on 31 March 2016 to be met by the end of the period specified in the Recovery Plan dated 2 August 2017.

#### Adherence to statement of funding principles

2. I hereby certify that, in my opinion, this schedule of contributions is consistent with the Statement of Funding Principles dated 2 August 2017.

The certification of the adequacy of the rates of contributions for the purpose of securing that the statutory funding objective can be expected to be met is not a certification of their adequacy for the purpose of securing the Scheme's liabilities by the purchase of annuities, if the Scheme were to be wound up.

Signature:		Date: 2 August 2017	
Keilt Rite.			
Name: Keith Poulson		Qualification:	Fellow of the Institute and Faculty of Actuaries
Address:	Verulam Point, Station Way, St Albans, AL1 5HE	Name of employer:	Aon Hewitt Limited

#### Certification of schedule of contributions

Nationwide Pension Fund - Cheshire and Derbyshire Section

#### Adequacy of rates of contributions

1. I certify that, in my opinion, the rates of contributions shown in this schedule of contributions are such that the statutory funding objective could have been expected on 31 March 2016 to continue to be met for the period for which the schedule is to be in force.

#### Adherence to statement of funding principles

2. I hereby certify that, in my opinion, this schedule of contributions is consistent with the Statement of Funding Principles dated 29 June 2017.

The certification of the adequacy of the rates of contributions for the purpose of securing that the statutory funding objective can be expected to be met is not a certification of their adequacy for the purpose of securing the scheme's liabilities by the purchase of annuities, if the scheme were to be wound up.

Signature:

Date:

29 June 2017

Name: Keith Poulson

Qualification:

Fellow of the Institute and Faculty of Actuaries

Address: Verulam Point Station Road St Albans AL1 5HE Name of employer:

Aon Hewitt Limited