Nationwide Pension Fund Report & Accounts

31 March 2016



ANNUAL REPORT

31 MARCH 2016

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TRUSTEE AND ADVISERS Trustee Nationwide Pension Fund Trustee Limited **Trustee Directors** Society Appointed Peter Wilkin (Chairman) Ann Brown (appointed 1 July 2015) Graham Pilkington (resigned 1 July 2015) Andy Townsend Philip Whittome (for Steeple Professional Services Ltd) Member Nominated Arthur Amos Rob Goldspink Bill Partis Mark Willis (resigned 28 January 2016) John Wrighthouse (appointed 1 February 2016) Head of Pensions Ian Baines Chief Investment Officer Mark Hedges Administrator and Secretary Vanessa Roberts Accountant Philip Ilott Actuary Jeremy Ball, Aon Hewitt Ltd Auditors Crowe Clark Whitehill LLP Legal Advisers Sacker & Partners LLP **Property Solicitors** Simmons & Simmons LLP **Property Valuers** Knight Frank LLP Bankers National Westminster Bank Plc Investment Consultant Aon Hewitt Ltd

Implementation Manager

Russell Implementation Services Ltd

TRUSTEE AND ADVISERS - continued

Investment Managers: Nationwide Section

Matching Assets	Aviva Investors Jersey Unit Trusts Management Ltd
0	Fidelity Pensions Management
	Insight Investment Management (Global) Ltd
	Legal & General Investment Management Ltd
Return Seeking Asse	ts
Equities:	Legal & General Investment Management Ltd
	Neuberger Berman Europe Ltd
	Oaktree Capital Management (UK) LLP
	Russell Implementation Services Ltd
	Trian Partners, Ltd (ceased June 2015)
	UBS Asset Management (UK) Ltd
	Vontobel Asset Management Inc (ceased May 2016)
Credit:	Babson Capital Management LLC
	Bluebay Asset Management LLP
	Falcon Bridge Capital II, LLC
	Kreos Capital V (Expert Fund) LP (appointed January 2016)
	M&G Alternatives Investment Management Ltd (appointed March 2016)
	TwentyFour Asset Management LLP
Infrastructure:	Alinda Capital Partners LLC
	Equis Funds Group
	IFM Investors Pty Ltd
	Innisfree Ltd
	Macquarie Investment Management (UK) Ltd
	Star Capital Partners Ltd
	SteelRiver Infrastructure Fund North America LP
Private Equity:	Arsenal Capital Management LP
	BV Investment Partners
	Dunedin Capital Partners
	The Energy and Minerals Group

TRUSTEE AND ADVISERS - continued

Private Equity:	L Capital Asia Advisors
	Mount Kellett Capital Partners (Cayman) LP
	NB Alternatives Advisers LLC
	Parcom Capital Management BV (appointed June 2016)
	Permira V G.P. Ltd
	Platinum Equity Advisors LLC
	Thompson Street Capital Manager LLC
	Trilantic Capital Management LLC
Real Estate:	Ares European Real Estate Management IV, LP
	CBRE Ltd (appointed January 2015)
	DRC Capital LLP
	Genesta Property Nordic AB (appointed June 2015)
	Goldman, Sachs & Co.
	LaSalle Investment Management
	Legal & General Investment Management Ltd
	PAG Holdings Ltd (appointed June 2016)
	Real Estate Capital Partners LLP
	Silverpeak Real Estate Partners

Investment Managers: C&D Section

Legal & General Investment Management Ltd

Custodians The Northern Trust Company

Pension Scheme Tax Reference 00271477RZ

Enquiries Employee Pensions Nationwide Building Society Nationwide House Pipers Way Swindon SN38 2GN

Tel: 01793 655131

CHAIRMAN'S STATEMENT FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2016

I am pleased to present the Report & Accounts for the Nationwide Pension Fund ('the Fund') for the financial year ended 31 March 2016.

Overview

The number of active members of the Fund is now 6,179. The number of pensioners has reached 7,299 and the biggest group of members is the 16,719 deferred members, who comprise more than 55% of the membership.

The value of the Fund's assets is now £4,465 million, up 2% from £4,375 million at the previous year end. More commentary about the investments is included in the Trustee Report. Since the year end there has been some market turbulence in the lead up to the UK referendum and the subsequent decision to leave the EU. This has had an impact on investments. However, the diversified global investment strategy of the Fund will mitigate some of the risks that may arise as the exit arrangements are negotiated.

Funding

The economic market has seen some improvement although the outlook remains one of low rates and low growth. In addition the changes resulting from the UK referendum result and later in the year the US election may create both short term market volatility and potentially have longer term fundamental impacts on the economy. The environment therefore remains challenging and will remain so whilst low interest rates continue. As noted above, the investment strategy will mitigate some of the risks to the assets, however further rate interest rate falls will adversely hit the liabilities and the funding level.

The market through 2015-16 has had a mixed impact on the two sections of the Fund. The 31 March 2013 valuation had a deficit (measured on a technical provisions basis) of £580m for the Nationwide Section and a small surplus of \pounds 13.3m in the C&D Section. The 31 March 2016 valuation is underway and whilst figures are not yet available, our expectation is that the deficit in the Nationwide Section will have grown in absolute terms though as a percentage of liabilities is likely to be of a similar level. The C&D section is likely to have demonstrated an improved funding level. More details are given in the Report on Actuarial Liabilities on page 12.

The funding of the Fund is monitored regularly by the Trustee and its advisors and will naturally vary over time.

Governance

Last year the Trustee Directors took the opportunity to review how it does its business and as a result agreed a new committee structure from June 2015. This saw the Trustee Board move to three committees: Operations, Investment & Funding and Governance, who report back to the Board. The new structure, whilst still being embedded, has allowed the Trustee to have a clearer emphasis on strategy and allows greater focus on trustee business. To this end the Trustee published its Strategic Plan for 2015-2020 in October 2015, which can be found on the pension fund website. The Strategic Plan sets out the Trustee Mission Statement as well as our aims and objectives over the five year period.

In December 2013 the Pensions Regulator introduced a code of practice setting out 31 quality features for Defined Contribution trust based pension schemes. Whilst there is no DC section in the Fund, DC Additional Voluntary Contributions ('AVCs') are offered by the Trustee.

CHAIRMAN'S STATEMENT - continued

Our commitment to best practice and the quality of our teams was recognised twice last year, and I am proud to say that there has been further recognition this year. The Employee Pensions team were awarded Best Pension Scheme Administration, plus recognised for Best Communication at the Pension Age awards, whilst the Investment team were awarded Best Pension Scheme (Over £1bn) at the Portfolio Institutional Awards. I would like to thank both for their hard work and it's great to see this recognised by not just the Trustee Directors but the wider pensions industry. We have also been shortlisted for other awards which will be announced later in the year.

Trustee Board

Trustee Directors continue to meet with their advisers on a regular basis, both at Committee and main Board meetings. There remains a focus on maintaining and developing knowledge and understanding, with individual and group training and a trustee strategy & development day.

There were some changes to the Board of Directors during the year with Ann Brown and John Wrighthouse joining the Board, from July 2015 and January 2016 respectively. Work is commencing regarding the two Member Nominated Director vacancies that will arise in May 2017, further details are available on the NPF website

Finally, I would like to acknowledge the efforts of all the Trustee Directors, including Mark Willis and Graham Pilkington whose departures were noted last year, and I am also grateful for the support received from our professional advisers and the Employee Pensions and Investment teams.

Peter Wilkin Chairman of the Trustee Board

TRUSTEE REPORT FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2016 -

The Trustee of the Fund presents its Annual Report, together with the actuarial certificates and financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2016. The Fund is a defined benefit scheme providing benefits based on final salary for members who joined prior to 1 January 2002, and on Career Average Re-valued Earnings ('CARE') for members who joined after that date. All benefits for service after 1 April 2011 have been provided on a CARE basis, whilst the final salary link has been maintained, where appropriate, for service before that date.

From 1 June 2007 the CARE section was closed to new employees, who became eligible to join the Nationwide Group Personal Pension ('GPP') arrangement. The GPP arrangement is a defined contribution scheme administered by Friends Life and is not part of the Fund.

Following the merger on 30 June 2010 with the Cheshire Building Society Pension and Life Assurance Scheme ('the Cheshire Scheme'), and the Derbyshire Building Society Staff Pension Scheme ('the Derbyshire Scheme'), the Fund became sectionalised with two separate sections – 'The Nationwide Section' and 'The C&D Section' covering the Derbyshire and Cheshire Schemes. Separate financial disclosures for these two sections are provided in this report.

The Fund was 'contracted out' of the additional components of the State pension until 6 April 2016, when legislation came into effect which ceased contracting out.

Management of Nationwide Pension Fund

On 1 April 2007 Nationwide Pension Fund Trustee Limited, a corporate body, was appointed as Trustee, and all serving Trustees became Trustee Directors.

The Fund is governed by a definitive Trust Deed and Rules dated 1 April 2012, together with subsequent amendments.

The Board of Nationwide Building Society ('the Society') has the power to appoint four Trustee Directors (and change them from time to time). The Board reviewed its arrangements for appointing Member Nominated Directors (MNT) during 2014. All four MNT positions will in future be filled from the membership as a whole and have a term of office of five years. Any Trustee Director may, in exceptional circumstances, be removed from office by the unanimous decision of the other Trustee Directors, provided that approval is first obtained from the appropriate electoral constituency voting in a postal ballot.

The current Trustee Directors are shown on page 2. Six of them, none of them employees of the Society, received payment for their services in the scheme year, as described in Note 7 to the financial statements.

Trustee meetings are normally held four times a year, with an additional strategy & development day. Decisions are made generally by consensus, but the rules provide for majority voting when a consensus cannot be reached. In the year to 31 March 2016 there were four Board meetings and one formal strategy & development day. Attendance of the meetings falling in each of the Directors' period of office was as follows:

Peter Wilkin	5 of 5	Arthur Amos	5 of 5
Ann Brown	3 of 3	Rob Goldspink	5 of 5
Graham Pilkington	- 1 of 1	Mark Willis	4 of 4
Andy Townsend	3 of 5	John Wrighthouse	0 of 0
Philip Whittome	5 of 5	Bill Partis	5 of 5

TRUSTEE REPORT – continued

There are also a number of Committees that meet throughout the year, as set out below:

- The Investment & Funding Committee meets at least quarterly with further meetings as required. Responsibility for derivatives moved to the Committee in September 2015.
- The Operations Committee also meets on a quarterly basis. Responsibility for the Permanent Incapacity Early Retirement and Trustee's Internal Disputes Resolution moved to the Operations Committee in June 2015.
- The Governance Committee meets twice a year. Responsibility for the accounts process moved to the Governance Committee from September 2015.

Review of the Financial Development of the Fund

Aon Hewitt Ltd performed the most recent actuarial valuation as at 31 March 2013. The valuation indicated a deficit of £580m for the Nationwide Section at that date. A deficit recovery plan for the Nationwide Section was agreed between the Trustee and the Society under which an initial lump sum payment of £60m was paid by the Society in March 2014, £90m was paid in July 2014 and a further £49m has been paid in July 2015. Further annual lump sums of £49m are due from July 2016 until July 2020, the first of which was paid in July 2016. The valuation also indicated a surplus of £13.3m for the C&D Section at that date.

The employer's contribution rate applicable from 1 July 2014 increased from 15.9% to 22.1%. The Trustee routinely monitors the Fund's funding position and the next valuation is being carried out as at 31 March 2016.

An actuarial statement of the adequacy of the rates of contributions for the purpose of meeting the statutory funding objective at the time of the last actuarial valuation is on page 40. A report on actuarial liabilities is on page 12.

The contributions and income received for the year ended 31 March 2016 exceeded benefits due by £2.8m (2015: £55.4m). The net effect of returns on investments has been to increase the value of the Fund by £86.8m (2015: £705.7m).

The financial statements have been prepared and audited in compliance with regulations under sections 41(1) and (6) of the Pensions Act 1995. They cover the year to 31 March 2016.

Sponsoring Employer

The Fund is sponsored by the Nationwide Building Society, whose address is Nationwide House, Pipers Way, Swindon, SN38 1NW.

Trust Deed and Rule Changes

There were no changes during the year to the Trust Deed and Rules.

TRUSTEE REPORT – continued

Membership

The change in the membership of the Fund during the year is given below:

	Note	Nationwide Section	C&D Section	Total
Active Members				
Active members at the beginning of the year		6,529	20	
Active members added during the year		2	-	
Members leaving prior to pensionable age		(285)	(1)	
Deaths in service		(6)	-	
Members Retiring		(78)	(1)	
Refund of contributions	-	(1)	-	
	-	6,161	18	6,179
Deferred Members				
Deferred members at the beginning of the year		16,009	824	
Deferred members added during the year		286	1	
Deferred members transferring out		(54)	(3)	
Deferred members retiring		(288)	(33)	
Deaths in deferment		(16)	(1)	
Merged records	(a)	(1)	-	
Cessation of pension entitlements		(2)	(1)	
Pension commencements backdated	(b) _	(2)	- `	
		15,932	787	16,719
Pensioners				
Pensioners at the beginning of the year		6,420	568	
Active members retiring		78	1	
Deferred members retiring		288	33	
Spouses and dependants		55	3	
Commutations of trivial pensions		(19)	(19)	
Deaths in retirement		(96)	(5)	
Merged records	(a)	(5)	(1)	
Pension commencements backdated	(b)	1	-	
Contingent Widows Liability	(c)	(1)	-	
Cessation of pension entitlements		(2)	-	
		6,719	580	7,299
TOTAL MEMBERSHIP AT 31 MARCH 2016		28,812	1,385	30,197

(a) Merged records relate to members who previously had two separate periods of membership.

- (b) The pension commencements of these members were backdated to the date of their leaving following Permanent Incapacity Early Retirement (PIER) review by the Trustee.
- (c) No pensions are in payment for these, however there are expected to be death payments.

The figures for pensioners do not include approximately 40 members whose pension is paid directly to them by an insurance company in respect of an annuity purchased at the time of their retirement.

TRUSTEE REPORT - continued

Investment Objectives and Strategy

The Trustee aims to invest the assets of the Fund prudently to ensure that the benefits promised to members are provided. The long term objective of the Fund is to be fully funded on a Low Dependency basis. The Trustee believes this is best achieved by having both an investment strategy and a journey (or de-risking) plan.

The Trustee monitors the funding level of the Fund on both a Technical Provisions basis and a Low Dependency basis. There is a strong (but not perfect) link between the Technical Provisions, Low Dependency and Buy-out funding levels and the Trustee recognises that over time the relationship between these three measurements of liabilities will change. The overall plan is that the Fund will de-risk towards its Journey Plan Target, as calculated on a Low Dependency basis. It is intended that the eventual target of the de-risking process will be a Destination Portfolio which largely matches the characteristics of the Fund's liabilities and allows for a margin to cover risk factors such as benefit caps and collars and longevity risk. The protocol for monitoring and implementing the Fund's dynamic de-risking strategy is outlined in the Fund's Statement of De-Risking Protocols. As part of this process, the Society will be consulted on this document and upon any proposed de-risking.

The parties expected to be involved in the monitoring and implementation process are as follows:

- the Investment and Funding Committee ('IFC') on behalf of the Trustee
- the Society's Pension Risk Management team
- the Chief Investment Officer team ('CIO team')
- the Investment Consultant to the Trustee
- the Actuarial Adviser to the Trustee
- · the Transition Manager to the Trustee
- the Liability Matching Investment ('LMI') Manager.

The Fund's investment strategy and strategic asset allocation are reviewed periodically to ensure that they are appropriate for the circumstances and objectives of the Fund.

The Trustee will monitor the actual asset allocation versus the target weight and the ranges.

For the Nationwide Section the permitted ranges allow the Trustee to deviate tactically from the strategic asset allocation within the specified limits to avoid the need for constant rebalancing. The current strategic asset allocation strategy as at 31 March 2016 chosen to meet the objectives of the Nationwide Section is set out in the table below.

TRUSTEE REPORT – continued

Asset Class	Target Weighting	Range %
Matching Assets	50-60	45-65
Government and Supranational Bonds	40-50	30-50
Corporate Bonds	10	8-12
Alternative Matching Assets (AMA)	0-10	0-10
Long Lease Property	-	0-5
Ground Rent Property	-	0-5
Other AMAs		0-3
Return Seeking Assets	50	45-55
Equities	20-35	15-40
Credit	10	5-15
Illiquid portfolio - private markets	20	15-25
Capital Appreciation		10-15
Income Yielding		5-10
Cash	0	0-2
Leverage/Derivatives		
Repo	10	0-12
Inflation Hedging as a % of the inflation risk of the liabilities	5	0-10

The C&D Section's strategic asset allocation is:-

Asset Class	Target Weighting %
Global equities	22.5
Index-linked gilts	7.3
Over 15 year index linked gilts	26.1
Over 15 year fixed interest gilts	35.0
Leveraged 2068 Gilt Fund	4.1
Over 15 year Sterling AAA-AA fixed interest bonds	5.0

Each section has its own Statement of Investment Principles ('SIP') which details the respective investment strategy. These meet the requirements of section 35 of the Pensions Act 1995 and section 244 of the Pensions Act 2004. The latest Nationwide Section SIP was approved by the Trustee's Investment and Funding Committee on 15 March 2016 to take account of changes agreed over the year and the planned future investment strategies. A revised C&D SIP has also been approved.

TRUSTEE REPORT – continued

Review of Investment Performance

The Fund's combined investment assets as at 31 March 2016 were £4,465m. This includes an additional contribution of £49m from the Society which was the third instalment in a deficit recovery plan for the Nationwide Section that was agreed with the Society in June 2014. Over the year falling interest rates increased asset values as this led to higher bond prices.

The total returns for the Fund were as follows:-

	One	Year	Three	e Year
Asset Class	Actual %	Benchmark %	Actual %	Benchmark %

Nationwide Pension Fund Performance				
Total Return	1.4	0.2	7.7	7.6

Nationwide Section Performance Analysis				
Core Matching Assets	5.3	1.3	N/A	N/A
Alternative Matching Assets	4.3	4.5	N/A	N/A
Equities	(5.5)	(5.5)	4.5	5.2
Credit	3.3	3.2	N/A	N/A
Private Markets ²	12.3	6.6	10.5	6.7
Total Return	1.2	0.0	7.5	6.6

1 Core Matching Assets comprises bonds, including government bonds, corporate bonds and index linked gilts.

2 Private Markets comprises real estate, private equity, infrastructure and private and property debt.

Outperformance compared to benchmark has primarily been due to the core matching assets and the private markets portfolio, which has seen a steady flow of distributions from managers throughout the year.

C&D Section Performance Analysis				
Core Matching Assets ¹	5.2		11.0	
Equities	0.0		8.5	
Total Return	4.0	3.6	10.5	9.1

1 Core Matching Assets comprises bonds, including government bonds and corporate bonds.

The C&D Section has outperformed the benchmark over the period of review.

The benchmarks for both sections of the Fund are composite benchmarks which take into account their strategic asset allocations.

Report on Actuarial Liabilities

Under Section 222 of the Pensions Act 2004, every scheme is subject to the Statutory Funding Objective, which is to have sufficient and appropriate assets to cover its technical provisions. The technical provisions represent the present value of the benefits the members are entitled to, based on pensionable service to the valuation date. This is assessed using the assumptions agreed between the Trustee and the Employer and set out in the Statement of Funding Principles, which is available to Fund members on request.

The latest full valuations of the Fund were carried out as at 31 March 2013 and showed the funding position to be as follows:

TRUSTEE REPORT – continued

	Nationwide Section	C&D Section
Value of the Technical Provisions	£3,813m	£211m
Value of the assets at that date	£3,233m	£224m
Shortfall/Surplus	(£580m)	£13m
Funding level	85%	106%

Update on the Funding Position

The information noted above relates to the last formal valuation of the liabilities which was undertaken as at 31 March 2013. This process is undertaken on a triennial basis and the next formal valuation for 31 March 2016 is currently underway. This process will consider the assumptions above and agreement will be reached on these with the sponsor. The valuation will then form part of the discussions about, and agreement to, a deficit recovery plan with the sponsor. As noted on page 8 the current deficit recovery plan assumes annual lump sums of £49m are due from July 2016 until July 2020.

The following information is based on current estimates of the liabilities as at 31 March 2016. It should be borne in mind that the current valuation exercise will deliver more accurate information once it is concluded. These figures should therefore be considered as indicative only.

	Nationwide Section	C&D Section
Value of the Technical Provisions	£4,935m	£251m
Value of the assets at that date	£4,185m	£280m
Shortfall/Surplus	(£750m)	£29m
Funding level	85%	111%

Actuarial Method

The actuarial method used in the calculation of the technical provisions is the Projected Unit Method.

The significant actuarial assumptions have been:

- Discount rates: Pre-retirement: fixed interest gilt yield curve plus 1.25% p.a. Post-retirement: fixed interest gilt yield curve plus 1% p.a.
- Rate of pay increases: Retail Price Index ('RPI') inflation plus 0.75% p.a.
- Rate of RPI price inflation: Bank of England breakeven RPI curve less 0.1% p.a.
- Rate of Consumer Price Index ('CPI') price inflation: RPI inflation less 0.9% p.a.

TRUSTEE REPORT – continued

 Post-retirement mortality: The SAPS 'Light' table.
 A scaling factor for pensioners of 105% for men and 100% for women.
 A scaling factor for non-pensioners of 110% p.a. for men and 105% for women.
 An allowance for future improvements in line with the CMI 2013 Core Projections, assuming a long-term annual rate of improvement in mortality rates of 1.5% for men and women.

Compliance Information

Tax and Contracting Out Status of the Fund

Nationwide Pension Fund is a registered pension scheme and the Trustee knows of no reason why such status should be prejudiced or withdrawn. The Fund was contracted out of the State Second Pension as a Contracted-out Salary Related Scheme up to 6 April 2016 under a certificate issued by the Contributions Agency. In line with legislation the Fund ceased Contracting Out on 6 April 2016.

Calculation of Transfer Values

Transfer values paid during the scheme year have been calculated and verified in the manner prescribed by regulations made under Section 97 of the Pension Schemes Act 1993. No transfer values included any discretionary benefits.

The Trustee has directed that no allowance for discretionary benefits should be taken into account in the calculation of the transfer values.

Pension Increases on Pensions in Payment

Pensions are reviewed annually on 1 April and, except where indicated below, were increased by 0.8% on 1 April 2016 (1 April 2015: 2.3%) in line with the RPI for the year ended 30 September 2015.

For members who were in a scheme which has since merged with the Fund, that part of their pension which accrued up to a given date may, depending on their membership details, have increased at one of the following fixed rates:

Lambeth scheme: 8.5% p.a. or 5% p.a. Portman scheme: 5% p.a. Nationwide Estate Agents, Anglia, Goldhawk and At.Home schemes: 3% p.a. Derbyshire scheme: 3% (increase is RPI min. 3% max 5%, and provided each 1st July)

Corporate Governance

The Fund's policy statement in respect of voting and corporate governance is:

'The Trustee fully recognises the fiduciary issues involved with voting rights, not least that their regular exercise demonstrates shareholder responsibility. The Trustee has advised the Fund's investment managers that votes should normally be cast in favour or against a motion; exceptionally a formal abstention may be registered and subsequently reported to the Trustee together with a justification. Regular review meetings are held at which it is possible for voting policy to be discussed. In all other matters, not the subject of voting, we expect our investment managers to promote good standards of corporate governance.'

In March 2012 the Trustee signed up to the 'Stewardship Code' and the Investment & Funding Committee reviews this position annually. Confirmation has been published on the websites of the Fund and the FRC.

TRUSTEE REPORT – continued

Statement of Trustee Responsibilities

The financial statements are the responsibility of the Trustee. Pension scheme regulations require the Trustee to make available to Fund members, beneficiaries and certain other parties, audited financial statements for each scheme year which:

- show a true and fair view of the financial transactions of the Fund during the scheme year and of the
 amount and disposition at the end of the scheme year of its assets and liabilities, other than liabilities to
 pay pensions and benefits after the end of the scheme year, in accordance with applicable law and
 United Kingdom Accounting Standards (United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice),
 and
- contain the information specified in the Schedule to the Occupational Pension Schemes (Requirement
 to obtain Audited Accounts and a Statement from the Auditor) Regulations 1996, including a
 statement whether the financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the Statement of
 Recommended Practice 'Financial Reports of Pension Schemes (2015)'.

The Trustee has supervised the preparation of the financial statements and has agreed suitable accounting policies, to be applied consistently, making any estimates and judgements on a prudent and reasonable basis.

The Trustee is also responsible for making available certain other information about the Fund in the form of an Annual Report.

The Trustee is responsible, under pensions legislation, for ensuring that there is prepared, maintained, and from time to time revised, a Schedule of Contributions showing the rates of contributions payable towards the Fund by or on behalf of the employer and the active members of the Fund and the dates on or before which such contributions are to be paid. The Trustee is also responsible for keeping records in respect of contributions received in respect of any active member of the Fund and for monitoring whether contributions are made to the Fund by the employer in accordance with the Schedule of Contributions. Where breaches of the Schedule occur, the Trustee is required by law to consider making reports to the Pensions Regulator and the members.

The Trustee also has a general responsibility for ensuring that adequate accounting records are kept and for taking such steps as are reasonably open to it to safeguard the assets of the Fund and to prevent and detect fraud and other irregularities, including the maintenance of an appropriate system of internal control.

Further Information

Enquiries about the Fund or an individual's entitlement should be sent to Vanessa Roberts, Scheme Administrator, Employee Pensions, Nationwide Building Society, Nationwide House, Pipers Way, Swindon, Wiltshire, SN38 2GN.

The Trustee Report was approved by the Trustee on 14 July 2016 and signed on its behalf by:

Trustee Director

Nonit

Trustee Director

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT TO THE TRUSTEE OF THE NATIONWIDE PENSION FUND

We have audited the financial statements of the Nationwide Pension Fund ('the Fund') for the year ended 31 March 2016, which comprise the Fund Account, the Statement of Net Assets and the related Notes set out therein.

The financial reporting framework that has been applied in their preparation is applicable law and United Kingdom Accounting Standards (United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice).

This report is made solely to the Trustee in accordance with The Occupational Pension Schemes (Requirement to obtain Audited Accounts and a Statement from the Auditor) Regulations 1996 made under the Pensions Act 1995. Our audit work has been undertaken so that we might state to the Trustee those matters we are required to state to it in an auditor's report and for no other purpose. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than the Fund and the Trustee for our audit work, for this report, or for the opinions we have formed.

Respective responsibilities of the Trustee and Auditors

As explained more fully in the Trustee's Responsibilities Statement, the Trustee is responsible for the preparation of the financial statements and for being satisfied that they give a true and fair view. Our responsibility is to audit and express an opinion on the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and International Standards on Auditing (UK and Ireland). Those standards require us to comply with the Auditing Practices Board's Ethical Standards for Auditors.

Scope of the audit of the financial statements

An audit involves obtaining evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements sufficient to give reasonable assurance that the financial statements are free from material misstatement, whether caused by fraud or error. This includes an assessment of: whether the accounting policies are appropriate to the Fund's circumstances and have been consistently applied and adequately disclosed; the reasonableness of significant accounting made by the Trustee; and the overall presentation of the financial statements.

In addition, we read all the financial and non-financial information in the annual report, which comprises the Chairman's Statement, the Trustee Report and the Actuarial Certificates, to identify material inconsistencies with the audited financial statements and to identify any information that is apparently materially incorrect based on, or materially inconsistent with, the knowledge acquired by us in the course of performing the audit. If we become aware of any apparent material misstatements or inconsistencies we consider the implications for our report.

Opinion

In our opinion the financial statements:

- show a true and fair view of the financial transactions of the Fund for the year ended 31 March 2016, and of the amount and disposition at that date of its assets and liabilities, other than liabilities to pay pensions and benefits after the end of the Fund year;
- have been properly prepared in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice; and
- contain the information specified in Regulation 3 and 3A of, and the Schedule to, the Occupational Pension Schemes (Requirement to obtain Audited Accounts and a Statement from the Auditor) Regulations 1996, made under the Pensions Act 1995.

LISTHMAR

Crowe Clark Whitehill LLP Statutory Auditor London

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Fund Account for the year ended 31 March 2016

		2016	2015
	Note	£m	£m
Contributions and benefits			
Additions			
Contributions receivable	3	106.8	149.3
Other income	4	0.2	0.2
		107.0	149.5
Withdrawals			
Benefits payable	5	(89.3)	(82.0)
Payments to and on account of leavers	6	(11.4)	(8.1)
Administrative expenses	7	(3.5)	(4.0)
		(104.2)	(94.1)
Net additions from dealings with members		2.8	55.4
Returns on investments			
Investment income	8	41.0	40.4
Change in market value of investments	11	65.7	684.6
Investment management expenses	9	(19.9)	(19.3)
Net returns on investments		86.8	705.7
Net increase in the Fund during the year		89.6	761.1
Net assets of the Fund		4,375.2	3,614.1
At the beginning of the year		4,373.2	3,014.1
At the end of the year		4,464.8	4,375.2

The Notes on pages 19 to 37 form part of these financial statements.

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Statement of Net Assets as at 31 March 2016

		2016	2015
	Note	£m	£m
Investment assets and liabilities	10,11,20		
Assets			
Fixed interest securities		441.0	448.0
Index linked securities		1,685.4	1,568.3
Pooled investment vehicles	13	2,344.9	2,538.7
Derivatives	14	14.5	11.5
Property	15	184.8	73.3
Annuity investments	16	1.1	1.3
Cash deposits		131.4	40.0
Other investment balances	17	41.6	5.3
AVC & Bonus Saver investments	18	10.1	10.8
		4,854.8	4,697.2
Liabilities			
Derivatives	14	(32.5)	(29.6)
Securities under repurchase agreements	19	(356.6)	(287.0)
Other investment balances	17	(2.6)	(4.2)
		(391.7)	(320.8)
		4,463.1	4,376.4
Current assets and liabilities			
Current assets	21	3.2	1.8
Current liabilities	21	(1.5)	(3.0)
		1.7	(1.2)
Net Assets of the Fund at 31 March		4,464.8	4,375.2

The Notes on pages 19 to 37 form part of these financial statements.

The financial statements summarise the transactions and net assets of the Fund. Liabilities to pay pensions and other benefits that are expected to become payable after the end of the scheme year are not dealt with in the financial statements. The actuarial position of the Fund, which does take account of such liabilities, is dealt with in the Report on Actuarial Liabilities on page 12 of this Annual Report, and these financial statements should be read in conjunction with this report.

The financial statements on pages 17 to 37 were approved by the Trustee on 14 July 2016 and signed on its behalf by:

Trustee Director

Trustee Director

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the year ended 31 March 2016

1. Basis of preparation

The financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the Occupational Pension Schemes (Requirement to obtain Audited Accounts and a Statement from the Auditor) Regulations 1996, Financial Reporting Standard 102 – The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland issued by the Financial Reporting Council ("FRS 102") and the guidance set out in the Statement of Recommended Practice "Financial Reports of Pension Schemes" (2015) ("the SORP"). This is the first year that FRS102 and the revised SORP have applied to the Fund's financial statements.

The Trustee has early adopted the amendments to the basis of the valuation hierarchy in FRS 102 that will be applicable for periods beginning on or after 1 January 2017 in these financial statements.

2. Accounting policies

The following principal accounting policies have been adopted in the preparation of the financial statements:

(a) <u>Contributions</u>

Normal contributions are accounted for on an accruals basis. Deficit funding costs, redundancy waivers and augmentations are accounted for according to the due dates prescribed by the Schedule of Contributions.

(b) Transfers to and from other schemes

Transfer values are included in the financial statements in accordance with the agreement, which is normally when received and paid. They do not take account of members who have notified the Fund of their intention to transfer.

(c) Income from investments

All income from investments is accounted for on an accruals basis. Dividends from quoted and unquoted investments are accounted for on the date the investment goes 'ex-dividend'.

(d) Expenditure

Benefits payable are accrued from the later of the date of leaving, retirement or death, and the date on which any option is exercised. Management and administration expenses are accounted for when they fall due. Acquisition costs of investments are included in the purchase cost of investments and disposal costs are deducted from the proceeds of sales of investments.

(e) Valuation of investments

- (i) Listed securities are valued at the bid price at the year-end date. Where an up-to-date valuation is not available, the latest market price is used to value the security.
- (ii) Pooled investment vehicles are valued at the bid price quoted by the managers or at a single price if only one price is quoted. Infrastructure and private equity funds are valued by the fund managers or their third party agents, where the underlying investments held within those funds are valued at their fair value.
- (iii) Futures contracts are valued at the exchange price for closing out the contract at the year-end date and this represents the unrealised profit or loss of the contract.
- (iv) Swap contracts are stated at fair value, which is calculated using pricing models, where inputs are based on market data at the year-end date. Interest is accrued monthly on a basis consistent with the terms of the contract. Net receipts or payments on swap contracts are reported within investment income.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - continued

2. Accounting Policies - continued

- (v) Forward foreign exchange contracts are stated at fair value, which is determined as the gain or loss that would arise if the outstanding contract were matched at the year end with an equal and opposite contract.
- (vi) Direct property investments are valued on an open market basis as at 31 December each year by Knight Frank, an independent firm of Chartered Surveyors, then adjusted for subsequent capital additions and disposals to arrive at a 31 March value.
- (vii) Annuity investments are the value of the insured annuities, calculated by Aon Hewitt, the Fund's actuarial advisers, using the same actuarial assumptions adopted for ongoing purposes in the triennial valuation of the Fund.
- (viii) Unit-linked AVC assets are valued at the bid price or single price at the end of the accounting period. The with-profits funds held by Equitable Life, Zurich and Standard Life include an element of final bonus which is not guaranteed.

Bonds, mortgage backed securities, property, infrastructure, private equity funds and hedge funds are included at fair values. However, because of the inherent uncertainty associated with the valuation of some of these investments due to the absence of a liquid market, these fair values may differ from their realisable value.

(f) Foreign currencies

Assets and liabilities in foreign currencies are expressed in sterling at the rates of exchange ruling at the year end and exchange differences arising are included in realised and unrealised investment gains. Income from foreign securities is expressed in sterling at the exchange rate ruling when received.

(g) Securities under repurchase agreements

Securities sold subject to repurchase agreements are included in the financial statements as assets of the Scheme at their year-end market value. Amounts payable under repurchase agreements are included under other investment liabilities.

2016

2016

3. Contributions receivable

		2016	2015
	Note	£m	£m
Employer contributions:			
Normal		41.6	40.2
Smart	(a)	12.7	13.2
Deficit	(b)	49.0	90.0
Redundancy waivers/augmentations	(c)	1.0	3.5
Bonus Saver (additional benefits)	(d)	0.5	0.6
Bonus Saver (money purchase)	(d)	0.1	0.1
		104.9	147.6
Member contributions:			
Normal		0.3	0.3
AVCs (additional benefits)	(d)	1.3	1.0
AVCs (money purchase)	(d)	0.3	0.4
		1.9	1.7
		106.8	149.3

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - continued

3. Contributions receivable - continued

- (a) 'Smart pensions' relate to a salary sacrifice scheme that enables members to sacrifice part of their salary in return for the Society making a pension contribution for them.
- (b) Deficit contributions are made by the Society to help reduce the funding deficit. Further lump sums of £49m are due each year until July 2020, although these are conditional on the Fund's circumstances.
- (c) Redundancy waivers are payments made by the Society to improve the pensions of employees in lieu of a severance payment. Augmentation payments are additional contributions made by the Society to enhance the pensions of and provide life cover for certain employees under the terms of their redundancy agreements with the Society.
- (d) Bonus Savers are payments made by the Society to improve the pensions of employees who have waived all or part of their annual entitlement. Money purchase Bonus Savers and AVCs are invested with the companies listed in Note 18. Alternatively, Bonus Savers or AVCs can be used to secure additional benefits in the form of added years or pension credits.

4. Other income

	2016 £m	2015 £m	
Income from annuities	0.2	0.2	

Income from annuities is received from insurance companies in respect of policies purchased on the lives of certain pensioners. The income is used to provide part of the pensions for these individuals.

5. Benefits payable

	2016	2015
	£m	£m
On or during retirement		
Pensions	69.1	65.1
Commutations	19.4	16.1
	88.5	81.2
Death benefits		
Death in service, deferment &		
retirement benefits	0.8	0.8
	89.3	82.0

The amounts due for pensions represent reimbursements to the Society of pensions paid.

6. Payments to and on account of leavers

	2016 £m	2015 £m	
Individual transfers to other schemes	11.4	8.1	

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - continued

7. Administrative expenses

	2016 £m	2015 £m
Administration & processing costs	1.5	1.4
Actuarial fees	0.2	0.4
Audit fees	0.1	0.1
Pension levies	1.6	1.9
Legal and other professional fees	0.1	0.2
	3.5	4.0

Administration and management services for the Fund are provided by the Society. Fees payable by the Fund to the Society for services rendered are included in the total for administration and processing costs and totalled £0.05m (2015: £0.07m).

Trustee Directors are able to receive remuneration for their services. Trustee fees of £0.14m (2015: £0.14m) relating to the scheme year are included in the total for administration and processing costs. No Trustee Director who received remuneration was an employee of the Society during the period to which their fees related.

8. Investment income

	2016 £m	2015 £m
Interest on fixed interest securities	13.5	13.1
Interest on index-linked securities	4.8	5.8
Dividends	-	0.1
Income from pooled investment vehicles	15.5	15.3
Interest on swaps	1.4	1.4
Rental income	5.8	4.7
	41.0	40.4

Interest on index-linked securities is stated net of £2.0m (2015: £1.7m) paid under the repurchase agreements relating to those assets.

9. Investment management expenses

	2016 £m	2015 £m
Administration, management and custody	18.6	17.7
Investment consultancy fees	0.9	1.2
Investment services provided by the Society	0.4	0.4
	19.9	19.3

Investment management expenses include fees of \pounds 14.7m (2015: \pounds 14.4m) that have been deducted directly from investment holdings, as described in Note 11.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - continued

10. Fair value determination

The investments have been analysed according to the following valuation hierarchy:

- Level 1 The unadjusted quoted price in an active market for identical assets or liabilities that the entity can access at the measurement date. Cash and gilts fall in this level.
- Level 2 Inputs other than quoted prices included within Level 1 that are observable (i.e. developed using market data) for the asset or liability, either directly or indirectly. This applies to pooled funds, which are open ended, priced frequently and have no significant redemption restriction under normal business conditions, and bonds which are valued on an average of broker quotes.
- Level 3 Inputs are unobservable (i.e. for which market data is unavailable) for the asset or liability. This applies to closed ended pooled arrangements, for example the private market investments.

The Fund's investments have been analysed using the above hierarchy levels as follows:

	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total
	£m	£m	£m	£m
At 31 March 2016				
Fixed interest securities	62.3	378.7	-	441.0
Index linked securities	1,602.3	83.1	-	1,685.4
Pooled investment vehicles	-	1,621.1	723.8	2,344.9
Derivatives	0.2	(18.2)	-	(18.0)
Property	-	-	184.8	184.8
Annuity investments	-	-	1.1	1.1
AVC/Bonus Saver investments	-	-	10.1	10.1
Cash deposits	131.4	-	-	131.4
Securities under repurchase agreements	-	(356.6)	-	(356.6)
Other investment balances	36.8	4.9	(2.7)	39.0
-	1,833.0	1,713.0	917.1	4,463.1
At 31 March 2015				
Fixed interest securities	40.4	407.6	-	448.0
Index linked securities	1,568.3	-	-	1,568.3
Pooled investment vehicles	-	1,973.7	565.0	2,538.7
Derivatives	(0.5)	(17.6)	-	(18.1)
Property	-	-	73.3	73.3
Annuity investments	-	-	1.3	1.3
AVC/Bonus Saver investments	-	10.8	-	10.8
Cash deposits	40.0	-	-	40.0
Securities under repurchase agreements	-	(287.0)	-	(287.0)
Other investment balances	1.8	(1.0)	0.3	1.1
	1,650.0	2,086.5	639.9	4,376.4

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - continued

11. Investment movements

Movements in total net investments during the year were:

	Value at 31 March 2015	Cost of Purchases	Sales Proceeds	Change in Market Value	Value at 31 March 2016
	£m	£m	£m	£m	£m
Fixed interest securities	448.0	172.5	(177.0)	(2.5)	441.0
Index linked securities	1,568.3	541.3	(461.3)	37.1	1,685.4
Pooled investment vehicles	2,538.7	319.2	(549.3)	36.3	2,344.9
Derivatives	(18.1)	0.1	(0.1)	0.1	(18.0)
Property	73.3	107.5	-	4.0	184.8
Annuity investments	1.3	-	-	(0.2)	1.1
AVC/Bonus Saver investments	10.8	0.6	(1.2)	(0.1)	10.1
	4,622.3	1,141.2	(1,188.9)	74.7	4,649.3
Cash deposits and other	(245.9)			(9.0)	(186.2)
	4,376.4		-	65.7	4,463.1
			Ā	s per Fund Accou	nt

Transitions

Most of the purchases and sales reflected a focus on de-risking the fund through the year. There was a move out of equity funds into gilts and property in the alternative matching assets, with £46m invested in long lease property, £44m in ground rent property interests and £80m invested in fixed interest securities.

Additional investments of £190m were made in private equity funds, infrastructure funds and illiquid real estate funds. These were largely funded by capital distributions of £81m realised from those categories of funds, with the remaining coming from the equity funds. In addition there were purchases and sales in the cash funds through the year totalling £120m and £132m respectively

The deficit funding of £49m received in July 2015 was used to fund the pension fund's increased holdings of alternative matching assets.

Change in market value

The change in the market value of investments comprises all increases and decreases in the market value of investments held at any time during the year. Investment managers have deducted management fees of \pounds 14.7m during the year from holdings of pooled investment vehicles. Those fees have been charged as investment management expenses (Note 9) and change in market value has been increased accordingly to remove the loss in value associated with the fees, with a compensating increase in investment sale proceeds.

Capital commitments

As at 31 March 2016 the Fund was committed to provide further investment funding totalling approximately £272m (2015: £344m) if called upon to do so.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - continued

12. Transaction costs

Transaction costs are included in the cost of purchases and sale proceeds. They include costs charged directly to the Fund such as fees, commissions and stamp duty.

Transaction costs analysed by main asset class and type of cost are as follows:

	Commission	Stamp duty and taxes	Total
	£m	£m	£m
2016			
Fixed interest securities	0.3	-	0.3
Pooled investment vehicles	0.1	-	0.1
Property	-	7.6	7.6
	0.4	7.6	8.0
2015			
Fixed interest securities	0.1	-	0.1
Pooled investment vehicles	0.1	-	0.1
Property	-	0.4	0.4
	0.2	0.4	0.6

In addition to the transaction costs disclosed above, indirect costs are incurred through the bid-offer spread on investments within pooled investment vehicles and charges are made within those vehicles.

13. Pooled investment vehicles

As at 31 March 2016 the Fund's investment in pooled investment vehicles comprised:

	2016	2015
	£m	£m
Bond funds	221.9	195.5
Equity funds	1,310.9	1,657.4
Property funds	189.8	114.6
Hedge funds ¹	-	43.2
Private market funds	621.3	516.2
Cash funds	1.0	11.8
	2,344.9	2,538.7

¹Hedge funds held predominantly equity investments.

Of the above investments, £2,065.5m (2015: £2,262.6m) was held in the Nationwide Section and £279.4m (2015: £276.1m) in the C&D Section.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - continued

14. Derivatives

	2016			2015		
	Assets £m	Liabilities £m	Assets £m	Liabilities £m		
Futures	0.3	(0.1)	0.2	(0.7)		
Swaps	12.3	(32.0)	11.3	(24.5)		
Forward foreign exchange	1.9	(0.4)	-	(4.4)		
	14.5	(32.5)	11.5	(29.6)		

Futures

Underlying Investment	Expiration	Economic exposure (long) £m	Economic exposure (short) £m	Market value asset £m	Market value liability £m
UK bonds	Less than 1 year	7.6	-	-	-
Overseas bonds	Less than 1 year	36.9	(47.2)	0.3	(0.1)
	At 31 March 2016	44.5	(47.2)	0.3	(0.1)
	At 31 March 2015	20.2	42.8	0.2	(0.7)

Futures are exchange traded derivatives and are used to obtain better exposure to underlying bonds, enhance investment returns and manage risk. The economic exposure represents the notional value of stock purchased under the futures contract and therefore the value is subject to market movements.

Swaps

Nature	Expiration	Notional principal £m	Market value asset £m	Market value liability £m
Interest rate swaps	Less than 5 years	6.0	-	-
	Between 10 and 20 years	32.3	10.3	(0.3)
	Between 20 and 30 years	8.0	1.9	-
		46.3	12.2	(0.3)
Inflation rate swaps	Less than 5 years	101.0	-	(6.2)
	Between 5 and 10 years	103.0	-	(9.9)
	Between 10 and 20 years	110.0	-	(15.6)
		314.0		(31.7)
Credit default swaps	Between 1 and 5 years	2.9	0.1	
	At 31 March 2016	363.2	12.3	(32.0)
	At 31 March 2015	361.3	11.3	(24.5)

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - continued

Inflation swaps and credit default swaps are used to manage risk and match the Fund's long term liabilities, especially in relation to their sensitivities to movements in inflation. The notional principal of the swap is the amount used to determine the value of the swapped receipts and payments.

Collateral, in the form of gilts, in place at the year end in respect of swaps was as follows:

Collateral held (pledged by third parties)	£12.0 m
Collateral pledged to third parties	£31.9 m

Forward Foreign Exchange Contracts

	Currency	Gross sale/(purchase) value at inception	Market value asset	Market value liability
		£m	£m	£m
Currency sold	US Dollar	141.6	1.9	-
	Euro	21.2	-	(0.4)
	At 31 March 2016	162.8	1.9	(0.4)
	At 31 March 2015	382.7		(4.4)
Currency bought	At 31 March 2016		-	
	At 31 March 2015	(2.5)		

All forward foreign exchange contracts held at the year-end were contracted to be settled within three months of the year end. Russell Investments operates a hedge against the currency exposures arising from the Babson and Falcon Bridge credit mandates. Further details have been provided in Note 20.

15. Property	2016 £m	2015 £m
Freehold property	184.8	73.3

The Fund holds a number of interests in UK properties. There are no restrictions on the realisation of the properties, the remittance of income or disposal proceeds. The properties are illiquid as they would take between three and twelve months to find a suitable buyer.

All properties are currently let. The leaseholders are responsible for repairs and maintenance and dilapidations.

The properties are valued annually on 31 December at fair value by Knight Frank LLP, a member of the Royal Institute of Chartered Surveyors, in accordance with the Royal Institute of Chartered Surveyors' Valuation Standards UK PS1.1 Valuation for Financial Statements. The principal assumptions on which the valuation was based were rental income, the remaining terms of the leases and the rents for those properties.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - continued

16. Annuity investments

Annuity investments represent an actuarial valuation of investments providing the annuity income received by the Fund.

17. Other investment balances

	2016	2015
	£m	£m
Unsettled assets	38.1	0.7
Accrued income	3.5	4.6
	41.6	5.3
Unsettled liabilities	1.4	4.2
Accrued expenses	1.2	-
	2.6	4.2

18. AVC and Bonus Saver investments

Aggregate amounts of AVC and Bonus Saver investments were:

		2016	2015
		£m	£m
AVCs	Aviva	0.1	0.1
	Equitable Life Assurance Society	0.3	0.3
	Fidelity Pensions Management	5.7	6.3
	Legal and General	0.1	0.1
	Prudential Assurance Company	1.9	2.1
	Standard Life Assurance Company	0.3	0.2
	Zurich Assurance Ltd	0.1	0.1
		8.5	9.2
Bonus Savers	Fidelity Pensions Management	1.5	1.5
	Prudential Assurance Company	0.1	0.1
		1.6	1.6
		10.1	10.8

Small Bonus Saver balances (less than £0.1m) are also held with Equitable Life Assurance Society and Zurich Assurance Ltd.

The Trustee holds AVC and Bonus Saver assets invested separately from the main fund in the form of individual building society accounts, insurance policies and other unitised investments securing additional benefits on a money purchase basis for those members electing to pay additional voluntary contributions, and these assets do not form part of the common pool of assets available for members generally. Members participating in these arrangements each receive annual statements confirming the amounts held to their account and the movements in the year.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - continued

19. Securities under repurchase agreements

During the year the Fund has entered into repurchase agreements using its UK government index linked gilts as the underlying security. The Fund retains the entitlement to receive income accruing on these securities and has a contractual agreement to repurchase the securities at a specified future date.

The securities are included in the financial statements as assets of the Fund at their market value. At 31 March 2016 the market value of securities sold under repurchase agreements was £328.1m (2015: £312.9m).

Cash received from counterparties in respect of the securities that have been sold has been used by the Fund to increase its fixed interest portfolio. Amounts payable to counterparties under repurchase agreements are disclosed as liabilities in the Fund's financial statements under investment liabilities. At 31 March 2016 this amounted to £321.6m (2015: £287.6m) including 0.7m accrued interest and net of £35.7m receivable.

At 31 March 2016 there was collateral held of £3.8m (2015: £29.0m) against the difference in valuation between the underlying securities and the repurchase agreements.

20. Investment risks

Credit risk is the risk that one party to a financial instrument will cause a financial loss for the other party by failing to discharge an obligation. Market risk includes currency risk, interest rate risk and other price risk, as explained below:

- Currency risk is the risk that the fair value of future cash flows of a financial asset will fluctuate because of changes in foreign exchange rates.
- Interest risk is the risk that the fair value or future cash flows of a financial asset will fluctuate because of changes in market interest rates.
- Other price risk is the risk that the fair value of future cash flows of a financial asset will fluctuate because of changes in market prices (other than those arising from interest rate risk or currency risk), whether those changes are caused by factors specific to the individual financial instrument or its issuer, or factors affecting all similar financial instruments traded in the market.

The Trustee determines its investment strategy after taking advice from the investment consultant. The Fund has exposure to these risks because of the investments it makes in following the investment strategy. The Trustee manages investment risks, including credit risk and market risk, within agreed risk limits which are set taking into account the Fund's investment objectives. These investment objectives and risk limits are implemented through the investment management agreements in place with the Fund's investment managers, reviewed by the CIO team and monitored by the IFC by regular reviews of the investment portfolio.

Further information on the Trustee's approach to risk management, credit and market risk is set out below. This does not include annuity policies or AVC or Bonus Saver investments as these are not considered significant in relation to the overall investments of the Fund.

The investment objective of both sections of the Fund is set out under Investment Objectives and Strategy on page 10.

The Nationwide Section

For the Nationwide Section investment strategy, 50-60% of investments are made in matching assets that will broadly move in line with the long term liabilities of the Section. These comprise UK government and

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - continued

corporate bonds, inflation swaps, long lease property and ground rents. The purpose of holding these assets is to hedge against the impact of interest rate and inflation movements on long-term liabilities.

In addition, 50% of the assets are invested in return seeking investments comprising global equities, equity futures, investment property, credit and debt investments, private equity and infrastructure investments. Both matching and return seeking assets which total \pounds 4,511.7 (2015: \pounds 4,340.3) are supported by using repurchase agreements to free up cash to seek enhanced returns, which decrease net assets to \pounds 4,173.6 (2015: \pounds 4,089.5).

The Trustee considers the asset classes and investment risks in matching and return seeking terms. The investment strategy is best explained in this context.

An analysis of the investments held in the Nationwide Section by the different strategies is provided below:

Asset Class	Segregated £m	Pooled £m	2016 Total £m	2015 Total £m
Matching Assets	1 (71 1		1 (71 1	1 (20.4
Government and Supranational Bonds	1,671.1	-	1,671.1	1,620.4
Corporate Bonds	260.6	-	260.6	185.4
Alternative Matching Assets:				
Long Lease Property	46.3	87.3	133.6	10.1
Ground Rent Property	54.0	-	54.0	-
Cash	57.5	0.4	57.9	7.1
Derivatives	(19.5)	-	(19.5)	(13.7)
Other assets/liabilities	38.3	-	38.3	4.8
Total Matching Assets	2,108.3	87.7	2,196.0	1,814.1
Return Seeking Assets				
Equities ¹	-	1,261.9	1,261.9	1,620.1
Corporate Bonds	194.7	-	194.7	210.6
Private Markets				
Infrastructure	-	352.2	352.2	276.6
Property	84.5	43.1	127.6	177.8
Private & Property Debt	-	59.4	59.4	-
Private Equity	-	260.6	260.6	239.6
Cash	56.8	-	56.8	5.5
Derivatives	0.7	-	0.7	(1.2)
Other assets/liabilities	1.8	-	1.8	(2.8)
Total Return Seeking Assets	338.5	1,977.2	2,315.7	2,526.2
Other Assets and Liabilities				
Cash	17.1	0.6	17.7	39.1
Other Derivatives	0.8	-	0.8	(3.2)
Repurchase Agreements	(356.6)	-	(356.6)	(287.0)
Other	-	-	-	0.3
Total Other Assets and Liabilities	(338.7)	0.6	(338.1)	(250.8)
Total Net Assets (excluding AVCs)	2,108.1	2,065.5	4,173.6	4,089.5

¹In 2015 equities included hedge funds, which held predominantly equity investments.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - continued

Matching Assets

The Trustees have set an allocation target for total investment in matching assets of between 50-60% of the total investment portfolio as part of their matching asset investment strategy. As at 31 March 2016 the matching asset portfolio of $\pounds 2,196.0m$ (2015: $\pounds 1,814.1m$) represented 53% of the total investment portfolio (2015: 44%). This is within the ranges set for the portfolio and will vary depending on normal market/interest rate movements. Under the matching assets strategy, the Trustee invests in assets which take interest rate and inflation risk as a means to hedge its liabilities.

Interest Rate Risk

The Nationwide Section is subject to interest rate risk through its investments in bonds, long lease property, ground rents and cash, either as segregated investments or as pooled funds and derivative contracts, as set out in the table above. However, these assets are held as part of the matching assets strategy to mitigate liability risk because of their sensitivity to interest rates, so if interest rates fall the value of the matching assets will rise to help match the resulting increase in actuarial liabilities. Similarly, if interest rates rise the matching asset investments will fall in value as will the actuarial liabilities.

Inflation Risk

The Nationwide Section is subject to inflation risk through its investments in the segregated index linked bonds (as per Note 11), long lease property and ground rents, either as segregated investments or as pooled funds, as shown in the table above, and inflation swaps (as per Note 14). The long lease property assets and ground rent investments are only partial hedges for inflation as the income streams they generate are uplifted at set periods and not annually. However, these assets are held as part of the matching assets strategy to mitigate liability risk because of their sensitivity to inflation. If inflation rises the value of the matching assets will rise to help match the increase in actuarial liabilities. Similarly, if inflation falls the matching asset

Return Seeking Assets

The year-end allocation to return seeking assets of $\pounds 2,315.7m$ (2015: $\pounds 2,526.2m$) was 55% (2015: $\pounds 2\%$). This is within the acceptable range set under the strategic asset allocation and will vary depending on normal market movements.

Interest Rate Risk

In the Return Seeking Assets, the segregated bonds and cash and a proportion of the private & property debt and private equity funds as shown in the table above are also exposed to interest rate risk. The investment managers will consider the risk and expected reward when determining which investments to invest in.

All Nationwide Section Assets

Currency Risk

The Nationwide Section operates a global investment strategy and therefore is subject to currency risk across a broad range of investments. The Trustee manages this in a variety of ways.

- Developed market equity investments are held in pooled funds representing 75% (2015: 78%) of the total equity funds as shown in the table above and have a target currency hedge of 70%, with a range of 65-75%. This is provided by holding the hedged element in a sterling share class with the fund manager hedging the position. Hedging beyond this level is considered to be inefficient with the costs of hedging outweighing the benefits. This was the case at the current and preceding year end.
- Exposure to emerging markets equities representing 25% (2015: 22%) of the total equity funds as shown in the table above is not hedged as return from these investments is derived from both equity and currency performance.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - continued

- Non-UK segregated bonds representing 94% (2015: 94%) of the segregated bond portfolio in Matching Assets as shown in the table above are hedged 100% for currency purposes through the implementation of a currency overlay provided by Russell Implementation Services (see Note 14).
- Currency hedging is not undertaken for overseas private equity, infrastructure, and property investments as the cost would be prohibitive due to the timing and quantity of the realisation of these very illiquid investments being unknown.

Other price risk

The Nationwide Section is subject to other price risk principally in relation to its return-seeking portfolio which includes equity and private market funds, as shown in the table above, and futures (Note 14). It is also subject to other price risk in matching assets, principally in relation to its investments in properties, whether as segregated investments or through pooled arrangements, as shown in the table above.

Other price risk varies depending on the particular market. In addition the Trustee uses repurchase arrangements as part of its investment strategy, which has some re-pricing risk.

The Trustee manages this exposure to overall price movements by constructing a diverse portfolio of investments across various markets it accesses.

Credit risk

The Nationwide Section is subject to credit risk because it directly invests in bonds and over the counter ('OTC') derivatives, has cash balances and enters into repurchase agreements. It also invests in pooled investment vehicles, in which it is directly exposed to credit risk, and is indirectly exposed to credit risks arising on the financial instruments held by the private debt and property debt funds.

Credit risk arising on bonds and loans held directly is mitigated by:-

- · investing in government and supranational bonds where the credit risk is minimal, and
- · corporate bonds which are rated at least investment grade, and
- by investment mandates that specify the type of bonds that can be held; these mandates have been subject to due diligence of the fund manager before any investment was made to ensure that the expected return of the investments was commensurate with their expected credit risk (investments in this category include residential mortgage backed securities and collateralised loan obligations), and
- Investment in unrated loans that are secured either on commercial real estate or on the assets of a business and the expected return from these loans is commensurate with the expected credit risk.

Credit risk arising on derivatives depends on whether the derivative is exchange traded or over the counter. OTC derivative contracts are not guaranteed by any regulated exchange and therefore the Section is subject to risk of failure of the counterparty. The credit risk for OTC swaps is reduced by collateral arrangements (see Note 14). Credit risk also arises on forward foreign currency contracts. There are no collateral arrangements for these contracts but all counterparties are required to be at least investment grade. This was the position at the current and preceding year end.

Cash is held within financial institutions which are at least investment grade credit rated.

Credit risk on repurchase agreements is mitigated through use of a range of collateral arrangements as disclosed in Note 14.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - continued

Pooled Funds

Pooled funds are generally unrated due to the nature of the investment. Direct credit risk arising from pooled investment vehicles is mitigated by the underlying assets of the pooled arrangements being ring-fenced from the pooled manager, the regulatory environments in which the pooled managers operate and diversification of investments amongst a number of pooled arrangements. Trustees carry out due diligence checks on the appointment of new pooled investment managers and on an ongoing basis monitor any changes to the operating environment of the pooled manager.

Pooled investment arrangements used by the Scheme comprise £1,626.6m (2015: £1,973.6m) unit-linked insurance contracts and £718.3m (2015: £565.1m) limited partnership arrangements.

Indirect credit risk arises in relation to underlying investments held in pooled investment vehicles. This includes bonds and secured loan arrangements.

C&D Section

For the C&D Section the investment strategy currently seeks to invest:-

- 77.5% of its investments into Matching Assets that will broadly move in line with the long term liabilities of the Section. These comprise UK government and corporate bonds. The purpose of holding these assets is to hedge against the impact of interest rate and inflation movements on longterm liabilities. As at 31 March 2016 the bond funds represented 79% (2015: 71%) of the total investment portfolio based on the fair value of the investments. This variance from the target asset allocation is within an acceptable range and will vary depending on normal market/interest rate movements.
- In addition the Section has set a target asset allocation of 22.5% of investments being held in global equities. As at the year end the allocation to return seeking assets was 21%. This variance from the target asset allocation is within an acceptable range and will vary depending on normal market/interest rate movements

Asset Class	2016 Total £m	2015 Total £m
Matching Assets Bond funds	221.9	195.6
Return Seeking Assets World equity fund	57.5	80.5
Total Net Assets (excluding AVCs)	279.4	276.1

Credit Risk and Pooled Funds

The C&D Section is subject to credit risk because it invests in pooled investment vehicles, in which it is directly exposed to credit risk, and is indirectly exposed to credit risks arising on the financial instruments held by the vehicles.

Direct credit risk arising from pooled investment vehicles is mitigated by the underlying assets of the pooled arrangements being ring-fenced from the pooled manager, the regulatory environments in which the pooled managers operate and diversification of investments amongst a number of pooled arrangements. The Trustee

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - continued

monitors any changes to the operating environment of Legal & General on an ongoing basis, with the assistance of its investment advisors.

Pooled investment arrangements used by the Section comprise unit-linked insurance contracts.

Indirect credit risk arises in relation to underlying investments held in the bond pooled investment vehicles as shown in the table above. This is mitigated by only investing in bonds that are at least investment grade. This was the position at the current and preceding year end.

Currency Risk

The C&D Section is only exposed to currency risk through the world equity fund exposure, as shown in the table above. However this is mitigated by investment in a sterling share class where the fund manager hedges the underlying currency risk.

Interest and Inflation Rate Risk

The C&D Section is subject to interest and inflation rate risk because its investments in bonds, through pooled bond funds, as shown above. However, these assets are held because of their sensitivity to interest and inflation rates in order to mitigate liability risk.

Other price risk

For the C&D Section, other price risk arises principally in relation to the world equity fund, as shown above.

21. Current assets and liabilities

Comment and	2016 £m	2015 £m
Current assets		
Cash balances	3.2	1.8
Current liabilities		
Unpaid benefits	(0.5)	(0.8)
Accrued expenses	(0.5)	(1.6)
Amounts outstanding with the Society	(0.5)	(0.6)
	(1.5)	(3.0)

There were no employer-related investments during the scheme year.

22. Related party transactions

Reimbursements to the Society of pensions payments are disclosed in Note 5, and the amount outstanding with the Society at the end of the financial year in Note 21.

Included in administrative expenses and investment management expenses are fees charged to the Fund from the Society, as disclosed in Notes 7 and 9 respectively.

Arthur Amos and Bill Partis, Trustee Directors, are in receipt of pensions from the Fund. Details of Trustee Director remuneration are provided in Note 7.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - continued

23. Nationwide Section: Fund Account for the year ended 31 March 2016

	2016 £m	2015 £m
Contributions and benefits	LIII	LIII
Additions		
Contributions receivable	106.8	149.3
Other income	0.2	0.2
	107.0	149.5
Withdrawals		
Benefits payable	(83.1)	(76.6)
Payments to and on account of leavers	(10.6)	(8.0)
Administrative expenses	(3.4)	(3.8)
	(97.1)	(88.4)
Net additions from dealings with members	9.9	61.1
Returns on investments		
Investment income	42.3	40.4
Change in market value of investments	53.7	621.8
Investment management expenses	(19.6)	(19.1)
Net returns on investments	76.4	643.1
Net increase in the Section during the year	86.3	704.2
Net assets of the Section		
At the beginning of the year	4,098.5	3,394.3
At the end of the year	4,184.8	4,098.5

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - continued

24. Nationwide Section: Statement of Net Assets as at 31 March 2016

Investment assets and liabilities	2016 £m	2015 £m
Assets		
Fixed interest securities	441.0	448.0
Index linked securities	1,685.4	1,568.3
Pooled investment vehicles	2,065.5	2,262.6
Derivatives	14.5	11.5
Property	184.8	73.3
Annuity investments	1.1	1.3
Cash deposits	131.4	40.0
Other investment balances	40.2	5.3
AVC & Bonus Saver investments	10.0	10.6
	4,573.9	4,420.9
Liabilities		
Derivatives	(32.5)	(29.6)
Securities under repurchase agreements	(356.6)	(287.0)
Other investment balances	(1.2)	(4.2)
	(390.3)	(320.8)
	4,183.6	4,100.1
Current assets and liabilities		
Current assets	2.7	1.2
Current liabilities	(1.5)	(2.8)
	1.2	(1.6)
Net Assets of the Section at 31 March	4,184.8	4,098.5

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - continued

25. C & D Section: Fund Account for the year ended 31 March 20	16	
	2016	2015
	£m	£m
Contributions and benefits		
Withdrawals		
Benefits payable	(6.2)	(5.4)
Payments to and on account of leavers	(0.8)	(0.1)
Administrative expenses	(0.1)	(0.2)
	(7.1)	(5.7)
Net reductions from dealings with members	(7.1)	(5.7)
Returns on investments		
Change in market value of investments	10.7	62.8
Investment management expenses	(0.3)	(0.2)
Net returns on investments	10.4	62.6
Net increase in the Section during the year	3.3	56.9
Net assets of the Section		
At the beginning of the year	276.7	219.8
At the end of the year	280.0	276.7
26. C & D Section: Statement of Net Assets as at 31 March 2016	2016	2015
	2016 £m	2015 £m
Investment assets	2111	2111
Pooled investment vehicles	279.4	276.1
AVC investments	0.1	0.2
	279.5	276.3
Current assets and liabilities		
Current assets	0.5	0.6
Current liabilities	-	(0.2)
	0.5	0.4
Net Assets of the Section at 31 March	280.0	276.7

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S STATEMENT ABOUT CONTRIBUTIONS

We have examined the Summary of Contributions payable to the Nationwide Pension Fund, for the Fund year ended 31 March 2016, which is set out on page 39.

This report is made solely to the Fund's Trustee in accordance with The Occupational Pension Schemes (Requirement to obtain Audited Accounts and a Statement from the Auditor) Regulations 1996 made under the Pensions Act 1995. Our work has been undertaken so that we might state to the Fund's Trustee those matters we are required to state to it in an auditor's statement about contributions and for no other purpose. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than the Fund's Trustee for our work, for this report, or for the opinion we have formed.

Respective responsibilities of Trustee and auditors

As explained more fully in the Statement of Trustee's Responsibilities, the Fund's Trustee is responsible for ensuring that there is prepared, maintained and from time to time revised Schedules of Contributions which set out the rates and due dates of certain contributions payable towards the Fund by or on behalf of the employer and the active members of the Fund. The Trustee is also responsible for keeping records in respect of contributions received in respect of any active member of the Fund and for monitoring whether contributions are made to the Fund by the employer in accordance with the Schedules of Contributions.

It is our responsibility to provide a Statement about Contributions paid under the Schedules of Contributions and to report our opinion to you.

Scope of work on Statement about Contributions

Our examination involves obtaining evidence sufficient to give reasonable assurance that contributions reported in the attached Summary of Contributions have in all material respects been paid at least in accordance with the Schedules of Contributions. This includes an examination, on a test basis, of evidence relevant to the amounts of contributions payable to the Fund and the timing of those payments under the Schedule of Contributions.

Statement about contributions payable under the Schedules of Contributions

In our opinion contributions for the Fund year ended 31 March 2016 as reported in the Summary of Contributions and payable under the Schedules of Contributions have in all material respects been paid at least in accordance with the Schedule of Contributions certified by the Fund actuary on 18 July 2014 for both the Nationwide Section and the C&D Section.

and total up

Crowe Clark Whitehill LLP Statutory Auditor London

14 July 2016

SUMMARY OF CONTRIBUTIONS PAYABLE DURING THE SCHEME YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2016

Contributions payable to the scheme by the employer under the Schedule of Contributions in respect of the year ended 31 March 2016 were as follows:

	£m
Employer normal contributions	41.6
Employer additional contributions	14.3
Employee normal contributions	0.3
Total contributions received in accordance with the Schedule	56.2
Additional employer contributions received not covered by the Schedule	49.0
Additional employee contributions received not covered by the Schedule	1.6
Total contributions as per the financial statements on page 17	106.8

Signed on behalf of the Trustee on 14 July 2016 by:

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Trustee Director

Trustee Director

ACTUARIAL CERTIFICATES

Certification of schedule of contributions

Nationwide Pension Fund – Nationwide Section

Adequacy of rates of contributions

 I certify that, in my opinion, the rates of contributions shown in this schedule of contributions are such that the statutory funding objective can be expected to be met by the end of the period specified in the recovery plan dated 18 July 2014.

Adherence to statement of funding principles

I hereby certify that, in my opinion, this schedule of contributions is consistent with the Statement of Funding Principles dated 18 July 2014.

The certification of the adequacy of the rates of contributions for the purpose of securing that the statutory funding objective can be expected to be met is not a certification of their adequacy for the purpose of securing the scheme's liabilities by the purchase of annuities, if the scheme were to be wound up.

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Signature	:	<u>.</u>	Date:	18 July 2014
Name:	Jeremy Ball		Qualification:	Fellow of the Institute and Faculty of Actuaries
Address:	Verularn Point Station Road St Albans AL1 5HE		Emplo ye r.	Aon Hewitt Limited

Certification of schedule of contributions

Nationwide Pension Fund - Cheshire and Derbyshire Section

Adequacy of rates of contributions

 I carify that, in my opinion, the rates of contributions shown in this schedule of contributions are such that the statutory funding objective could have been expected on 31 March 2013 to continue to be met for the period for which the schedule is to be in force.

Adherence to statement of funding principles

I hereby certify that, in my opinion, this schedule of contributions is consistent with the Statement of Funding Principles dated 18 July 2014.

The certification of the adequacy of the rates of contributions for the purpose of securing that the statutory funding objective can be expected to be met is not a certification of their adequacy for the purpose of securing the scheme's liabilities by the purchase of annuities, if the scheme were to be wound up.

Signature:		Date:	18 July 2014
Name:	Jeremy Ball	Qualification:	Fellow of the Institute and Faculty of Actuaries
Address:	Verulam Point Station Road St Albans AL1 €HE	Name of employer:	Aon Hewitt Limited



